FIDO on macOS

How it works, attack vectors, and other learnings

Joel Rennich
Identity Things
Jamf
@mactroll

FIDO is more secure in every way than using a password

Focus on macOS, but almost all of this carries over to iOS

FIDO in 30 secs...

As seen in...



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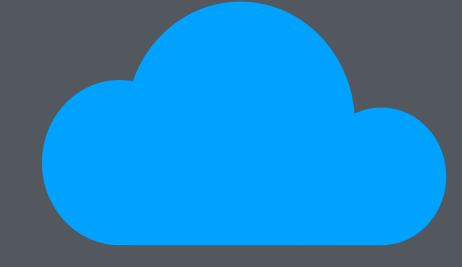


FIDO FIOW

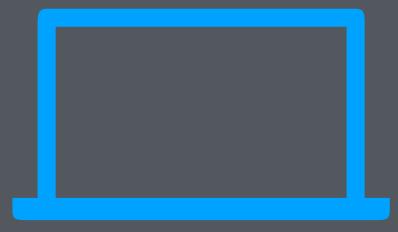
https://youridp.com



FIDO Key



Relying Party



Platform



Authenticator

EDO FIOW

https://youridp.com

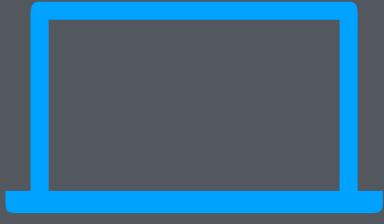
Mac

FIDO Key



Relying Party





Platform



Authenticator

WebAuthn

JSON

FIDO FIOW

https://youridp.com Mac FIDO Key Relying Party Platform Authenticator WebAuthn CTAP CBOR JSON











Leaks and Curiosities

Type Casting

- FIDO has a strong focus on anonymity
 - Each key is unique
 - Attestations and AAGUIDs are done by batches of devices
- However... vendors do unique things
 - KeyID length
 - Sign Count
 - Adherence to standards

Demo

Key Characteristics

	Attestation	ID Length	Sign Count	AAGUID w/out Attestation
Yubico	Direct	64 bytes	Device based	000000000000
Yubico Resident Key	Direct	16 bytes	Device based	000000000000
Thetis	Direct	96/129 bytes	Device based	000000000000
Thetis RK	Direct	16	Key based	000000000000
Feitian	Direct	96	Device based	000000000000
Feitian RK	Direct	32	Device based	000000000000
Apple Platform	It's complicated	20 bytes	Always O	000000000000
Chrome Platform	Self	80 bytes	Unix time stamp	adce0235bcc6a648bb25f1f0553

Syncing Platform Authenticator

Syncing Platform Authenticator

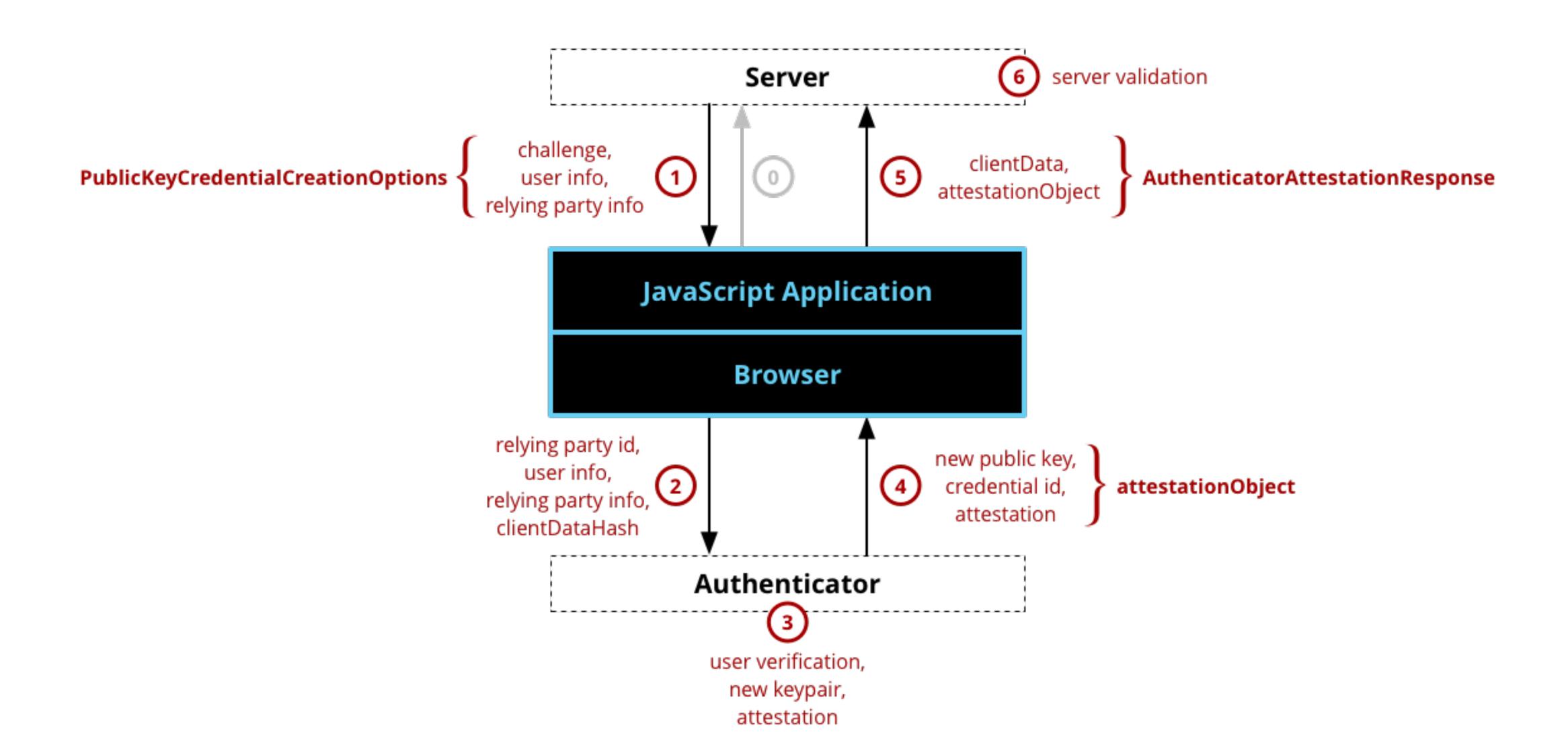
- "FIDO" keys kept in iCloud Keychain
- iOS 15 macOS Monterey
- Have to be turned on, and require an iCloud account
- Currently identify as a "platform" authenticator
 - •
 - Will sync between devices

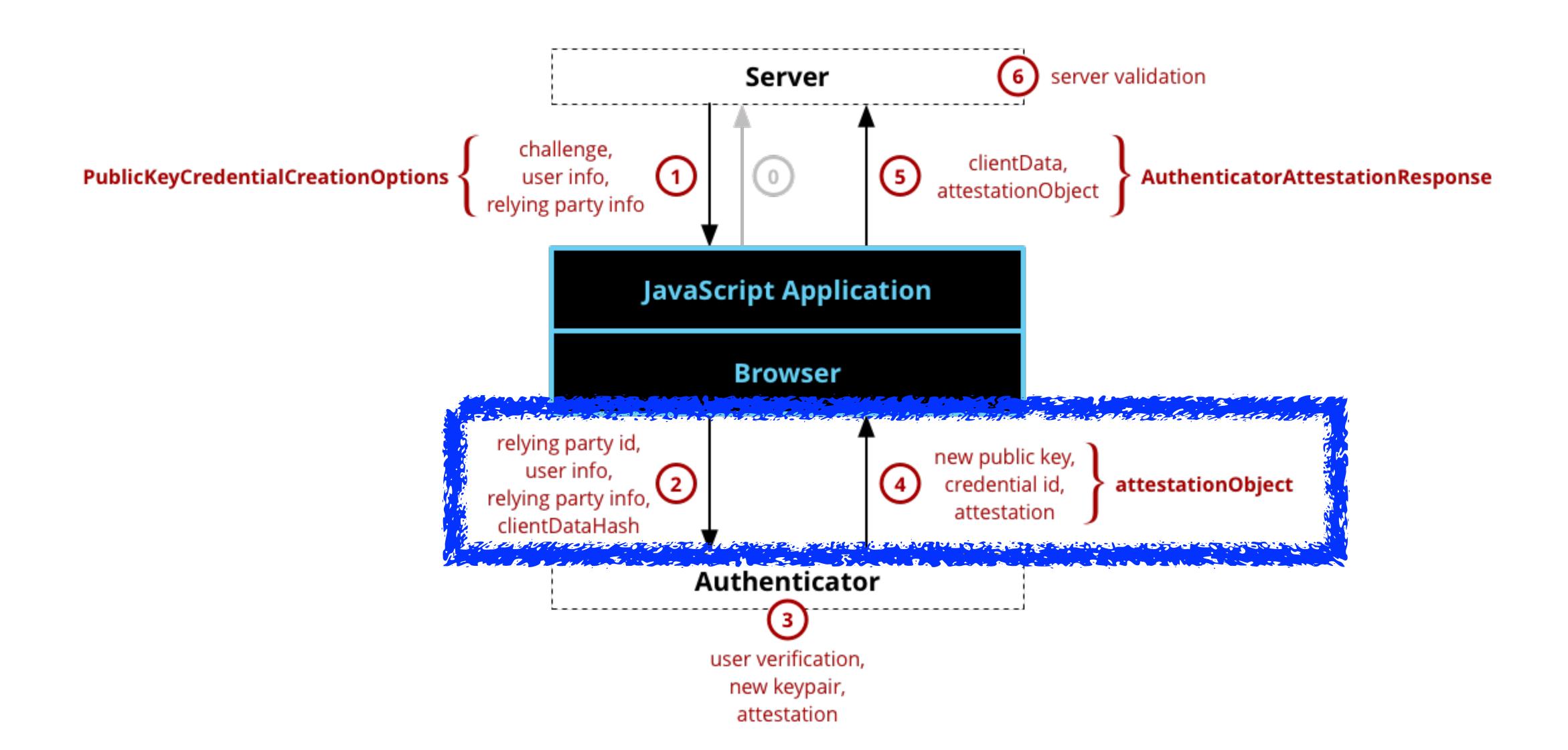
Better Understanding the Communication

Let's get wedged!

Interrupting the Flow

- Override navigator.credentials.create() and navigator.credentials.get()
 - Browser Extension
 - Custom WKWebView or other web window
- Once you have control
 - Change Attestation requirements
 - · Change platform vs. cross-platform authenticator
 - Add attestation







PublicKeyCredential.isUserVerifyingPlatformAuthenticatorAvailable()

Lets the relaying party know that FIDO is available.



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navigator.credentials.create()

Takes a challenge and some other information and creates a new FIDO key.



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navigator.credentials.get()

Proves you have access to the private key associated with the account.

```
var real_create = navigator.credentials.create.bind(navigator.credentials);
navigator.credentials.create = function(options) {
    console.log("Credentials Create Logging Wrapper Engaged");
    var cleanedArgs = JSON.stringify(options, stringifyArrayCleaner);
    console.log(cleanedArgs);
    return new Promise(
        function (resolve, reject) {
        real_create(newOptions).then(value => {
        console.log("Credentials Create Response");
        console.log(value);
             resolve(value);
          }, reason => {
              console.log(reason);
            reject(reason);
          });
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Demo

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Keys can lie

Your Lying Keys

User Presence, User Verification and other aspects of assertions require trusting the key

Demo

Your Lying Keys

User Presence, User Verification and other aspects of assertions require trusting the key

Only trust keys with attestation

Your Lying Keys

User Presence, User Verification and other aspects of assertions require trusting the key

Only trust keys with attestation

Chrome and Safari Platform Authenticators don't do direct attentions*

Speaking of Attestation...

```
attestationObject: {
    "fmt": "packed",
    "attStmt": {
      "alg": -7,
      "sig": <<array buffer>>,
      "x5c": [ <<array buffer>>]
    "authData": {
      "rpIdHash": "f95bc73828ee21f9fd3bbe72d97908013b0a3759e9aea3dae318766cd2e1ad",
      "flags": {
        "userPresent": true,
        "reserved1": false,
        "userVerified": true,
        "reserved2": "0",
        "attestedCredentialData": true,
        "extensionDataIncluded": false
      "signCount": 0,
      "attestedCredentialData": {
        "aaguid": "0000000000000000",
        "credentialIdLength": 20,
        "credentialId": "586dcf643e8d88fa8d33f77383b29885d88c0fa",
        "credentialPublicKey": {
          "kty": "EC",
          "alg": "ECDSA w SHA256",
          "crv": "P-256",
          "x": "Ec5m1WYnzTUGx7K8d03jYzpfXQJzA6EpqcYvxrmoQLg=",
          "y": "qxK7/ZErvjQ/gadyPGRHZlJx32Svaz60baxpFiGQ8B4="
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       "userPresent": true,
       "reserved1": false,
       "userVerified": true,
                                                          <- Flags
       "reserved2": "0",
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        "extensionDataIncluded": false
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       "credentialId": "586dcf643e8d88fa8d33f77383b29885d88c0fa", <- Key ID
        "credentialPublicKey": {
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         "x": "Ec5m1WYnzTUGx7K8d03jYzpfXQJzA6EpqcYvxrmoQLg=",
                                                                <- P256 key
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                                      <- Attestation
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```

Demo

Enterprise Attestation - Okta

Okta Verify SMS Authentication Voice Call Authentication Google Authenticator FIDO2 (WebAuthn) YubiKey

Duo Security

FIDO2 (WebAuthn)

Active ▼

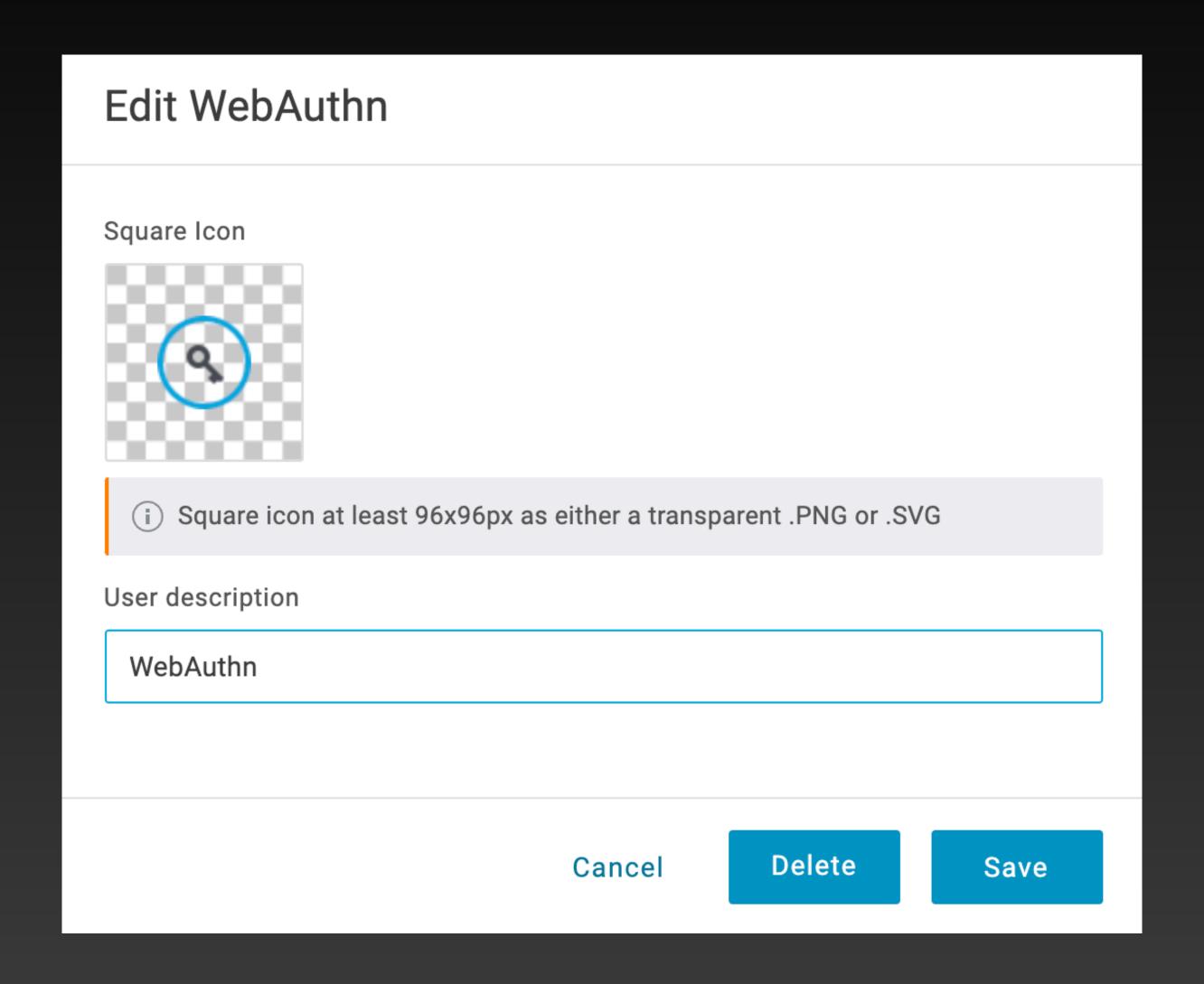
Once this factor is configured, additional verification will be required when users sign in to Okta.

If the user selects 'Security key or biometric authenticator', they will be prompted to register an authenticator via Web Authentication in order to sign in to Okta successfully. Users can follow the on-screen prompts for browser or OS instructions in order to gain access. Learn more in documentation .

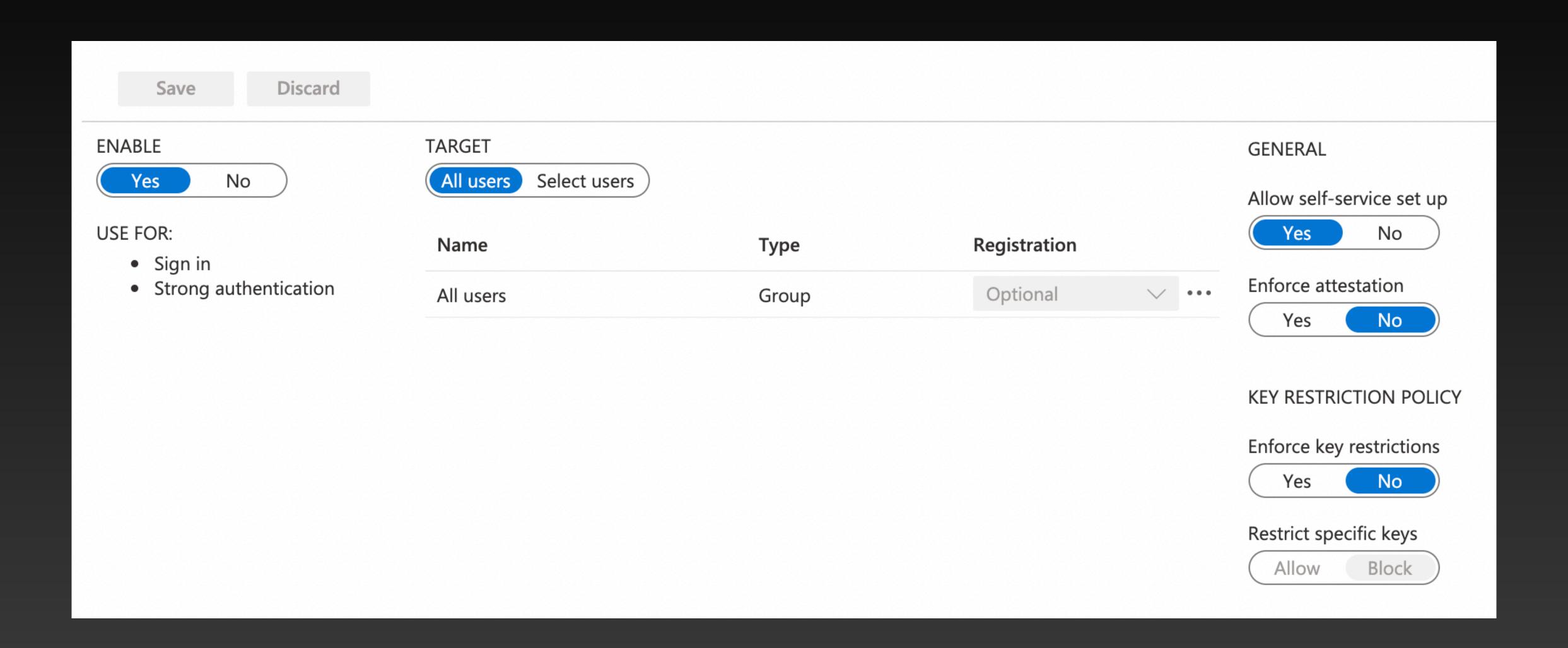
Web Authentication supports two authentication methods:

- 1. Security keys such as YubiKeys or Google Titan
- Biometric authenticators such as Windows Hello or Apple Touch ID

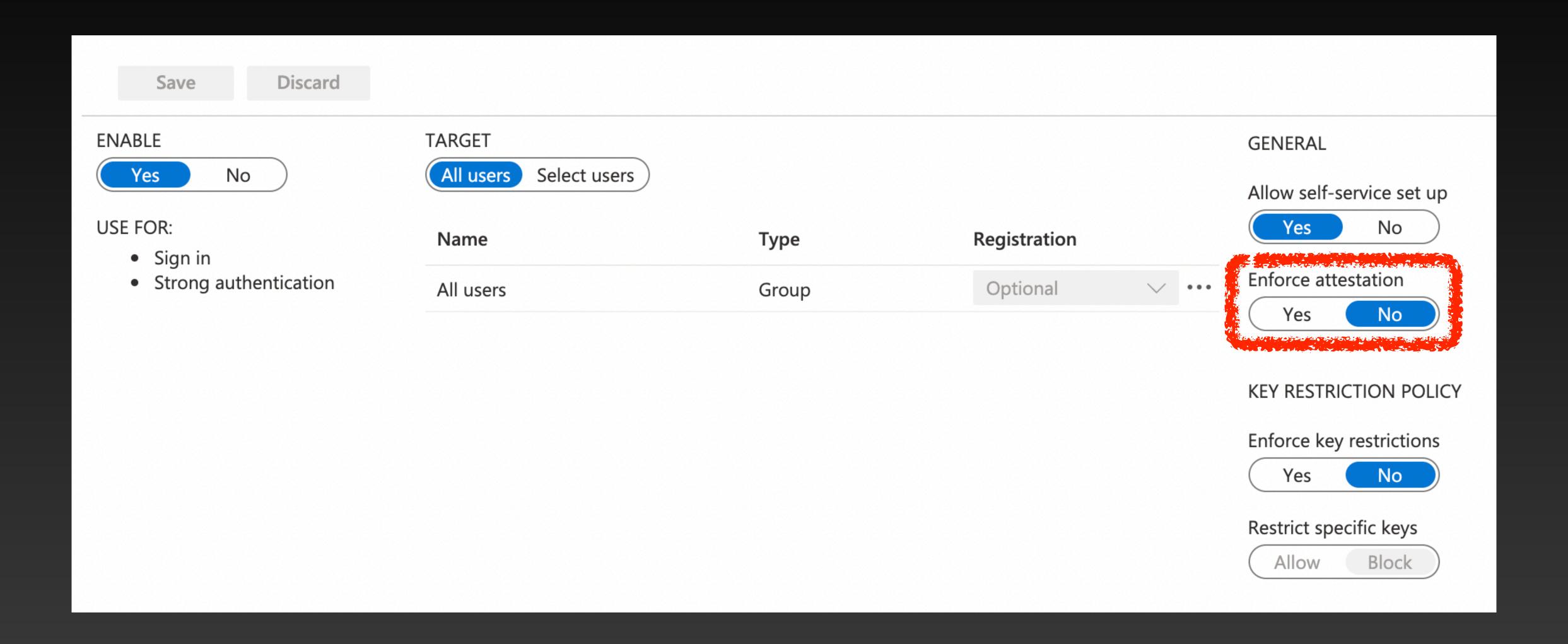
Enterprise Attestation - OneLogin



Enterprise Attestation - Azure



Enterprise Attestation - Azure



Always require attestation...?



If you're not so nice...



Block existing keys from working

Confuse user into thinking it's their fault. Can apply to platform and cross-platform.



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Have user register new key

Allow the key the user thinks they are using to go through the ceremony.



Block existing keys from working

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Have user register new key

Allow the key the user thinks they are using to go through the ceremony.



Profit!

Exfiltrate key

The moral of the story...

1. Don't blindly trust the browser.

2. Attestation can keep some of the riffraff out, but it will increase complexity.

And

FIDO is more secure in every way than using a password

Intrigued?



Thanks!